Graham Guardian.

Dollar of 1873

VOL. VI. NO. 26. SAFFORD GRAHAM COUNTY, ARIZONA. AUGUST 31, 1900. OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER

secretary territory

The Guardian.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

Official Directory Graham County

[illegible]—Geo. A. Olney.
[illegible]—W. W. Pace, E. M. Williams.
[illegible] SUPERVISORS—
[illegible] Day, Chairman, Duncan.
[illegible] Waddill, Member, Safford.
[illegible] Watters, Member, Pima.
[illegible] Clerk, Solomonville.
[illegible] Clark, Solomonville.
Pedro Michelena, Solomonville.
[illegible] Adams, Solomonville.
[illegible]—Frank Dysart, Solomonville.
[illegible] Wiley E. Jones, Solomonville.
[illegible]—W. A. Roddy, Thatcher.
[illegible] Safford, Safford.

[illegible] & N. RAILROAD,

[illegible] No. 24, taking effect June 14, 1900, Mountain Time.

[illegible] No. 15 leaves Globe on [illegible] and Friday only. [illegible] No. 11 leaves Globe Daily [illegible] class train No. 12 daily [illegible] No. 16 leaves Bowie on [illegible]

[illegible] Classified on the time [illegible] priority of right [illegible] class being superior [illegible] and all succeeding [illegible] have absolute right [illegible] bound trains of the [illegible] make connections at [illegible] Bowie [illegible] and with stage [illegible] Upper Salt River [illegible] and the Bay [illegible] Flag stations. [illegible] President. [illegible]

[illegible] PACIFIC CO.

SCHEDULE.

[illegible] Oct. 29th, 1899.

[illegible] San Francisco, Los Angeles, Yuma, Maricopa, Tucson, Benson, Willcox, Bowie, Lordsburg, Deming, El Paso, San Antonio, Houston, New Orleans [illegible] Central time East of El Paso, 2 hours faster [illegible] Pacific Time. [illegible] Oct. 29, 1899. W. H. Dresser, Agent.

Bowler and Maeser, Architects. THATCHER, ARIZONA

PHYSICIANS.

C. L. Wish M. D. Physician and Surgeon. [illegible], ARIZONA. Office at residence.

Mrs. E. A. Zenger, OBSTETRICIAN AND PROFESSIONAL NURSE. One Block South of Robinson's Hall, THATCHER, ARIZONA

DENTISTRY.

Dr. Washington Cool, Dentist. SAFFORD, ARIZONA

Dr. R. G. Ruff, Dentist. SAFFORD, ARIZONA

LEGAL.

Barnes & Martin, Law Offices. TUCSON, ARIZONA

Wiley E. Jones, District Attorney. SOLOMONVILLE, ARIZONA. Practice in all Federal and Territorial Courts

[illegible] J. Egan, Attorney at Law. CLIFTON, ARIZONA. Office in the Arizona Copper Co's Building west side of the river.

[illegible] Pattison, Attorney-at-Law. [illegible] ARIZONA. [illegible] all Courts

[illegible] McCollum, Attorney at Law. [illegible] ARIZONA. [illegible] in U. S. and Territorial Courts, and [illegible] the United States Land Office.

[illegible] S. Dial, Attorney-at-Law. [illegible] ARIZ. Practices in all Courts. Special attention given to Criminal practice.

Morrison & Buck, Attorneys at Law. Opposite [illegible] ARIZONA

LOCAL NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Items of Local Interest Gathered by Reporters on their Rounds.

DOINGS IN AND ABOUT TOWN

Breezy Little Notes of General Interests Picked up Here and There.

Sparks carries a choice line of fancy and mixed candies. tf

E. D. Tuttle returned from a trip to California last Sunday.

Guns, rifles and ammunition at Olney, Ijams Hardware Co. 25 3t

Anna Neese is dangerously ill with typhoid fever.

Peaches for sale at Meyer's in Layton. 28 1m.

J. C. Robinson left for Grant last Thursday on business.

Look out for the bargain counter at Layton, Allred & Co's. 46tf

Miss Maud Kemp and Miss Bertha Grosthouse left for the east this week.

La Preferencia cigar at Spark's Cigar store. If you want a good smoke try it. tf

Miss Lena Wish, who has been very ill for the past month with typhoid fever, is no better.

For harness, saddles, whips, bridles and all kinds of extras go to H. W. Clarkson, Safford. 9-tf

On the 4th page will be found a millinery announcement that will pay you to read.

Smoke Commodore 5ct. cigar, they are good all the way through. Sparks keeps them

Henretta, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Olney, is quite ill.

A splendid assortment of cupboards, ward robes and bed lounges at Todd & Dunlap's, Safford. 2t

George Hormeyer, Clifton's popular banker, came to Safford last Wednesday.

La Preference Cigar at Spark's Cigar store. If you want good a smoke try it. ft

Mrs Howard, after a long and serious illness, is again in the Candy Store able to attend to her customers.

For that fuzzy feeling go to Spark's and try one of his delicious milk shakes, only 5 cents.

Call at Wakefield's drug store when you want school books. 1t

A grand ball will be given in Todd's hall on Saturday, Sept. 1st. Candidates and delegates have a special invitation.

La Preferencia Cigar at Spark's Cigar store. If you want a good smoke try it. tf

School Books at Wakefield's drug store. 1t

A small boy of Joe Poulsen's was thrown from a horse near Dr. Wish's office last Tuesday and kicked in the mouth. His face was badly cut.

Gang and walking plows both iron and wood beams at Olney, Ijams Hardware Co. 2t

Smoke the Commodore, the best 5ct. cigar in town.

Mrs. A. V. Jones has named Safford's new hotel which will be completed this week, and henceforth it will be known as the Arlington. Size considered, this hotel equals any in the Territory.

Go to H. L. CASTLE'S Bicycle Store and get a White Bicycle. Fully warranted. They are the cheapest and best. tf

John Parks and W. H. Allbritton, the two men whose faith has never been shaken in the coal fields, are in town this week. These two men will some day leave the strip with a rich reward which they deserve.

Wakefield has the best Vapor Bath on the market. 1t

One half car of plows at Olney, Ijams Hardware Co. 2t

There was no primary held at Geronimo. J. C. Robinson, the committeeman, went to Geronimo for the purpose of holding one, but he could not find enough people to do so. The ranchers living between Thomas and Geronimo prefer to go to Thomas to vote.

The Commodore is stopping at Sparks' he is a good fellow and wants to see every smoker in Graham County, go in and discuss the point with him; you will go away pleased and call again. The Commodore is pleasant and agreeable, you are sure to like him.

The regular quarterly conference of the St. Joseph Stake of Zion will convene in the Assembly Hall at Thatcher, Saturday and Sunday, September 22nd and 23rd. The public are cordially invited to attend.

ANDREW KIMBALL,
W. D. JOHNSON,
C. M. LAYTON.

THE CONVENTION.

The Winning Ticket Will be Nominated To-morrow.

The Democratic Convention will meet to-morrow morning in Todd's hall, Safford, and nominate the ticket that will be elected in November. The convention is composed of representative men of the county who are interested in making old Graham the foremost and best county in the Territory.

Following is the personnal of the convention:

CLIFTON.

Jas. S. Cromb, Cliff W. Parsons, Frank Springer, C. E. Bull, Mit S. Simms, Romolo Chavez, Wm. Blair, Ira Harper, Lee J. Hobbs, Elbie S. Smith, Jeff Dunagan, Manuel Baron, A. F. Williams, Neil Munro, J. C. Thomas, Francisco Norte, Abe Boyles.

PIMA.

Ed Allen, H. J. Anderson, D. H. Matthews, Geo. Peck, Jos. Taylor, J. A. McBride, jr. Tom Lamb, Joe Bull, Jos. Lines, Henry Lines, Robt. Ferrin, Wm. Birchfield.

SAFFORD.

Wm. Kirtland, H. J. Dowdle, J. C. Robinson, D. V. A. Talley, B. Quinn, Geo. Jacobson, C. R. Freeman, Wilbur Ijams, Cris Madsen, John Scarlet, Alonzo Bingham.

SOLOMONVILLE.

A. M. Elias, Wm. Gillispie, P. Michelena, Ben Clark, W. B. Kelly, Alberto Munguia, Angel Franco.

THATCHER.

R. Layton, John Hoopes, jr, Andrew Kimball, Geo. H. Birdno, J. O. Pace, R. W. Bingham,

MORENCI.

Bob Campbell, J. H. Velton, Dr. Tutthill, Jim Puckett, A. D. Webb, Henry Waller, H. B. Rice.

SAN JOSE.

A. H. Bennett, A. Bishop, H. Sanchez, Jose Garcia.

DUNCAN.

Bart Tipton, A. T. Prather, L. D. Eldridge.

EDEN.

Wm. Stapley, Heber Higgins, Coon Colvin.

THOMAS.

W. S. Davis, Jas. Davis, John Harvey.

CENTRAL.

T. G. Webster, Chile Stowe.

SPENAZUMA.

J. J. Putnam, A. J. Lewis.

METCALF.

Bob Campbell, Albert Rosecrans.

DEER CREEK.

John Parks, W. H. Albriton.

CAMP LEBONEN.

Frank Lynch.

GRANT.

Tom Bell, A. W. Childress,

ARAVAIPA.

Wm. Wooten.

GRAND REEF.

A. E. Jones, Jas. Quinn.

New Fall Dress Goods.

We are pleased to announce that our new Fall goods are now in stock and ready for your inspection. Ladies all wool broadclot, 60 inches wide 75 cents a yd. Wool dress flannels from 30 to 35 cents a yd. Elegant raised flowered dress goods 42 inches at 75 cents yd. The highest grade and finest quality of domestic dress goods in the latest up to date and most beautiful fast colors 16 1 3, 12 1-2 and 10 cents per yd., all big values. A complete and beautiful line of the best prints, percales, shirting, domestic, sheeting, flannels, outings, etc., high in quality and low in price.

Our new shoe department has the right kind of shoes at right prices. Children shoes that will wear well, look well and keep the children well. New goods are arriving now almost every day. Please call and see them. Yours anxious to please,

THE ARKANSAW CYCLONE STORE, Safford, A. T.

To The Delegates.

An invitation is cordially extended to the delegates to the Democratic county convention to call at Sparks' Cigar Store and try some of his imported cigars, delicious milk shakes, cool and refreshing lamonade. Come in and look around, take a smoke and you will surely come again. Sparks' Cigar Store is next door to Olney. Ijams Hardware store. tf

Chancellor and La Preferencia cigars, pure Havana at Sparks' Cigar Store. tf

SHOT AND INSTANTLY KILLED.

A most deplorable tragedy took place about 8 o'clock last Monday morning one mile west of Safford, resulting in the instant death of L. M. Roach, who was shot through the heart by Tump Freeman. Mr. Freeman and Mr. Roach were neighbors, the wagon and rail road running between the two houses, that of Freeman being south of west from the Roach house.

After the killing Mr. Freeman gave himself up to Deputy Sheriff Porter Justice Hunter summoned a coroner's jury composed of the following gentlemen, went to the scene of the shooting and held an inquest:

W. G. Scott, Wm. Telfer, Jas. Smith, Peter Thompson, Henry Dial, A. Wilson, E. F. Pape, O. Bailey, H. L. Castle, Geo Todd.

After the jury had been sworn the first witness to be examined was Dr. Lindley.

DR. LINDLEY'S TESTIMONY.

I have just made an examination of the body of L. M. Roach with a view of ascertaining the cause of his death. I found only one wound on the body. It entered the chest over the heart, passed through the body oblequely, and came out a little to the right of the spinal column and midway between the shoulder blades. This was a gun shot wound made by a small caliber rifle bullet; probably a No. 30.

The next two to testify were O. C. Scarborough and Wm. Kane, who were eye witnesses to the whole affair.

MR. SCARBOROUGH'S TESTIMONY.

About 8 o'clock this morning myself, Mr. Roach and Mr. Kane were fixing a wagon near the fence when Tump and Mack Freeman drove inside and went to the well to wash the buggy. Mr. Roach left his work and went to them. They talked politics Could not hear much they said; think they quarreled. As Roach left them I heard him say: "I have no respect for those doing such a thing." Tump then went outside into the road; after reaching the road more angry words were said; Roach called Freeman a liar; Freeman said so are you; Roach threw a club at Freeman but he dodged it, picked it up and threw it at Roach. Then Roach told Freeman to get his gun, who replied allright. Roach went to the house and got his gun and came out. Myself, Mack Freeman, Mr Kane and Mrs. Roach endeavored to get the gun from him; he would not give it up. Mrs. Freeman also came out and asked Tump to come back; he replied that he had no gun. Freeman came into the road, mounted horse and road toward Safford. Roach then put gun in front part of wagon but would not let any of us touch it. In a short time Freeman came back and when about 50 yards east of where we were I heard him say: I am ready. Roach grabbed gun from wagon and started for Freeman who fired three times and Roach fell at last shot. Roach did not fire but had gun up and pointed toward Freeman but not sighted; he was advancing when he fell. I told Miss Mollie Roach to take gun in house; she did so. In answer to a question Scarborough said that when Tump was going to his house after leaving the well he turned and said to Mr. Roach: I have nothing against you; you have as good a family as I ever saw but you have it in for me.

Ques. "Could Roach have shot Freeman when he came out of the house and mounted horse."

Ans. "No Sir. We were all around him trying to get him to give up his gun. Freeman was not armed and was making no demonstration."

Freeman fired with rifle. After shooting Freeman walked up track. Myself, Mack Freeman, Wm. Kane Housten Roach carried the body into the house.

Wm. Kane then testified to the same as the above except that he said he did not see Freeman throw the club back at Roach and that during the talk when Mr. Freeman was in the street he said: "You think I once put up a job to get you killed but I did not." Roach said you did. Freeman said I did not, when Roach called him a d—n liar when Freeman started for him and Roach started for the house and returned with gun.

MISS ROACH'S TESTIMONY.

Miss Mollie Roach was the next and last witness. She testified that she saw Tump and Mack Freeman come to the well and heard her father talking to them; heard them quarreling; also heard Mack Freeman trying to quiet my father; father went to back of house. Freeman went outside of fence, then I shut the door because I did not want to hear the quarrel. In a short time father ran into the house and got his gun and cartridges and went outside when those outside tried to get him to have no trouble. I saw Tump come out of his house and go away. Then he returned on horseback. We begged him not to shoot but he got off his horse and fired three shots. I hid the gun; do not know where I found it but think it was in the house. I hid the gun in an out house and covered it with some rags because brother Housten called for it and said he would kill Tump. Afterward I examined the gun in the presence of Messrs. Dial and Smith. It was not loaded. Think farher had gun when shooting began. After shooting Freeman rode toward Safford.

DEPUTY SHERIFF MCKINZIE'S TESTIMONY.

I examined clothing of deceased and found two shot gun cartridges in pants' pocket. They were loaded with No. 6 shot and fit a 12 gauge gun.

A single barrel shot gun was identified as the weapon which Mr. Roach had.

JURY'S VERDICT.

"Safford, Ariz. Aug. 27, 1900.

We the jury find that the deceased, L. M. Roach, came to his death by a gun shot wound and that said shot was fired by Tump Freeman."

After the coroner's inquest Justice Hunter set the hearing at 2 o'clock on Tuesday. Tump was allowed to return to his father's home upon his own recognizance pending the examination.

At the hour set the hearing began with Messrs. McCollum and Dial representing the defendant and District Attorney Jones the Territory.

Mr Scarborough was the first witness for the prosecution. The following was brought out in addition to his testimony before the coroner's inquest: When Mr. Roach left the well I heard him say that is the man who once laid a plot to have me murdered. When Mr. Freeman got into the road he said Mr. Roach I heard your remark but you are mistaken, I had nothing to do with it. Roach came out of house with gun as Freeman was going home; it looked like he was loading it; I thought he was going to shoot and we surrounded him to prevent it. Freeman did not appear to be angry. Don't think Roach could see well.

The other witnesses for the prosecution were Mr. Kane, Mollie, Modena and Mrs. Roach. Nothing was added, however, except that Mollie thought she saw her father loading gun and that when Tump was returning on horseback that Modena saw him and gave the alarm that he was coming and that the ladies present started to meet Tump and the men remained inside the fence where Mr. Roach was, all endeavoring to prevent trouble. Modena stated that when Freeman left on horseback she saw her father unload his gun before placing it in the wagon. When I saw Tump returning he was about 200 yarrs away. I gave the alarm. When we got near Tump he said get out of the way and something else I did not understand then fired three shots. After shooting he got through the fence and started across the fields toward his father's house.

Mrs. L. M. Roach testified that her husband got gun from house. She followed him out. Mack Freeman stopped him near gate. We all persuaded him to put gun up. I asked Mack to remain to prevent trouble. Modena saw Tump coming and said: Oh, here comes Tump with a gun. I threw up my hands and said: Oh, Tump, don't shoot him. Don't think Mr. Roach saw Tump, but think he was trying to. He had gun in left hand and was fumbling in pocket with right. He was 53 years old.

THE DEFENSE.

The eye witnesses for the defense were Mack Freeman, Mrs. Freeman, (Tump's wife) and the statement, under oath, of the defendant.

MACK FREEMAN'S TESTIMONY.

When Tump, myself and little boy were at the well Mr. Roach came to us and started talking politics to me, we talked some time in a joking way, then in referring to the primary he said I did not think you would do such a thing but Tump would do anything, a man who would put up a job to get another killed would do anything, then turning away said I have no use for either of you. Roach went to wagon near fence and Tump led his team outside and stopped opposite to where Roach was and told Mr. Roach that he was mistaken that he had nothing to do with putting up a job to kill him that if he would bring the person who told him he would face him. Roach said you are a liar: Tump said so are you and Roach threw two clubs at him; Tump tried to get club to throw back but his horses became frightened and he did not throw; the horses forced him across track and he left them and went to house. Roach said to Tump, get your gun, I'll kill you. Roach went to his house and got his gun, came out and I stopped him near gate when he said he knew what he was doing, he would kill the d—n rascal. I saw him load gun; he had cartridges in his hand; we all got around him near the gate, the gun was cocked; we were still in that position when Tump came out of house. Before entering the house Tump called to Roach that he did not want any trouble, that he had as nice a family as could be found but that he, Roach, was no good and that he had no use for him. Roach replied that he had no use for Freeman. Tump called to my little boy to bring him a horse; boy road into street and horse followed; Tump mounted and road away; Roach put gun in wagon near him. When Tump came back Modena said here he comes and Roach grabbed gun and started toward Tump. Girls ran toward Tump. Tump said several times, get out of the way, Artie, he is coming, you'll get shot; I have a gun and can protect myself. Think Tump was on south side of track. Both men appeared to be trying to get a shot after Tump dismounted. Think three shots were fired; know Tump fired two and think Roach fired one but am not certain. After shooting Tump went back up track.

Cross examination: When Roach came out of house with gun he was following Tump. After I had stopped him Mrs. Roach said: "I am glad you were here for we could have done nothing with him; he would have followed Tump right into the house." In returning Tump had to pass Roach's place in order to reach home. There was no other route. When Tump came out of house to get the horse Roach had his gun and was watching Tump. We were trying to persuade him not to shoot. After the shooting Housten came from the field and wanted the gun. I persuaded him not to take it as it would result in more trouble; the gun was then lying by the body and was still there when I left.

Mrs. Tump Freeman testified but she did not see all the difficulty but her testimony of what she saw corroborated of Mack's and Tump's testimoney.

TUMP FREEMAN'S TESTIMONY.

Tump Freeman's testimony was the same as Mack's up to where Mr. Roach threw clubs at him. He said they had been on good terms and the reason he stopped to talk after going outside the fence was to convince Mr. Roach that he accused him wrongfully. After he threw clubs and I was trying to get one Roach ran his hand in pocket as if after knife. I told him not to come out there with a knife. My horses forced me across track to fence where I left them. Before I got to my house I saw him enter his house, get gun and come out. I then called to him that I wanted no trouble and he had better drop it; I was not angry; he was trying to get at me with his gun; when I saw how determined and angry he was I was afraid he would kill me and that my wife was not safe. I had no gun; do not own one; I called to a boy to bring me a horse; I mounted and road away to get a gun for the protection of myself and wife for I was afraid of Mr. Roach. I got gun at father's house; no one saw me; I returned on trail on south side of track so as to avoid Roach if possible. I could reach home by no other route. When I was riding home my wife and Modena Roach ran toward me; my wife asked me not to shoot; I told her I would not; I could not see Roach at that time. Just then I saw Roach come from behind wagon with gun in hand and advancing toward me as if ready to shoot; I told the girls to get out of the way for he was coming and they would get shot. I jumped off my horse and waited till the girls got out of the way when I fired; Roach was advancing when I fired. I shot over his head the first time thinking that would stop him but when I found it did not then I shot direct. I considered him dangerous; he showed me scars where he had been shot during rows he had had. I did not want trouble and tried to get home without encountering him by keeping on south side of track. At time of trouble I knew he had threatened several lives. I was afraid of him because I thought he would kill me. He told me he had been in several shooting scrapes. He ran Peter Andarsan off his place with a gun some time ago. I know I fired two shots. When I saw Roach coming I waited till women got out of range before I fired. He was coming toward me with gun up when I fired. After shooting I went back up road and to father's house. I told father what had happened and asked him to notify officers which he did. When I saw him coming he acted as if he was going to prevent me from reaching home and I warned him that I was now armed and I believed he intended to kill me. I could see his gun and knew it to be his shot gun; Housten had told me they had buck shot in the house; I knew if he fired not only my life was in danger but also that of my wife and his little girl. I saw him first coming toward me just after I told my wife I would not shoot. I tried my best to avoid the trouble and did not fire until I was forced to.

C. R. Freeman testified that Tump came home and told him of the shooting and asked him to notify the officers. He notified Deputy Sheriff Hood Porter.

Deputy Sheriff Hood Porter testified that he was notified of the shooting by Mr. Freeman and that he went to his house where he found Tump and placed him under arrest.

At this point court adjourned until Wednesday morning. When court was called Peter Andarsan was the first witness. He testified that he had trouble with Roach over Jas. Lassator. Later one of his horses got into Roach's field. He went after it and Roach would not let him take it away. "Told me to get out or he would fill me full of led. I got out." He stood in door with gun but did not point at me. Don't remember of telling Tump Freeman about it. Have heard of him having rows with other people.

John Blake testified that he had heard Mr. Roach was a dangerous man. Roach told him of taking gun to settle difficulty with Mr. [illegible]. Told me of having difficulty with Col. Hooker.

Harry [illegible] testified: Have seen [illegible] difficulties. He [illegible] Mr. Roach [illegible] fights and rows; boasted of his [illegible] Uncle Jim saw him have row with [illegible] Roach Morris over some boys. [illegible] drew knife and said he would cut his heart out and roll it in the sand. Morris had small walking cane. Roach afterward told me if we had let him alone he would have cut his heart out and eaten the little end of it. He also had a row with Mr. Nash. It was not young Roach, it was the old gentleman.

J. T. Pearce testified that about a month ago he talked with Mr. Roach about his eyes. He told him he was better every way and could see better than for fourteen years.

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY.

The prosecution then offered testimony in rebuttal. Modena Roach was the first witness called.

Q. What did Tump say when his wife called to him not to shoot?

Ans. Said get out of the way and something I did not understand. He used some cuss words. I do not think father could see distinctly as far as from the wagon to the railroad. Had said his eyes were not so sore. Mrs. Freeman was a few feet nearer Tump than I when he got off horse. I did not hear him speak to his wife.

John Keasley testified that he had known Mr. Roach well for about six years. Have met Mr. Roach repeatedly and he could only recognize me by my voice if I were more than ten feet away on account of bad eyes. He told me that was the only way he could recognize me.

Mollie Roach was called by the defense and asked if she told Mrs. Freeman if Tump had not killed her father her father would have killed Tump.

Ans. "No sir."

Mrs. Tump Freeman was recalled.

Q. "Did you talk with an eye witness to the killing after it occurred?"

Ans. "Yes sir. With Mollie Roach.

Q. "What was the conversation?"

Here the prosecution interposed an objection and the question was argued at some length. The court ordered the question answered.

Ans. "Mollie said that if Tump had not killed her father that her father would have killed Tump. Mrs. Wallace and Will Freeman were present."

The arguments on both sides were submitted by 3 o'clock. Masterly arguments were made by both prosecution and defense. After the arguments the case was taken under advisement and at 6 o'clock the decision was rendered. Mr. Freeman was held to answer to the grand jury in the sum of $6,000.

H. J. Dowdle, Geo. A. Olney, J. C. Robinson and Wilbur Ijams promptly signed the bond.

For lint on the lungs, caused from chewing the rag, try a milk shake at Sparks'.

The Guardian

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Dollar of 1873.

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FRIDAY, AUGUST, 31 1900

Press Comments.

When the government issues bonds the people become bondmen. If the bonds run 20, 30 or 40 years, we place a mortgage upon the labor of our children.—Zanesville *Labor Journal.*

Farmers were once among the capitalists of the land. They are now mere laborers getting the laborers pittance. If one buys a farm, he simply secures a steady job.—Peoria *Gazette.*

One of the senate doorkeepers stationed in the lobby next to the marble room had just warned a visitor not to puff the cigar which he carried in his hand. At that moment the electric bells sounded a call for a vote and Senator Lodge hastened in from a nearby committee room. He was puffing violently at a long black cigar.

"Why don't you warn that man?" asked the visitor.

"Because I know my bussness," replied the custodian of the door. "That is the man who made the rule."—Chicago *Journal.*

THE list of casualties on the march to Pekin furnished by Admiral Remey hardly warrants any heavy demand for "indemnity." The average Brooklyn trolley car, when turned loose on a down grade, can do more damage in two minutes than the whole Chinese army succeeded in doing in a month.

ENGLAND has a system of direct taxation, with the result that the exploits of her jingoes are directly cutting down incomes, and the "goose" is beginning to "squawk." How Chamberlain must envy our jingoes our system of indirect taxation, whereunder ten times as many feathers may be got from the goose without it ever suspecting that the government is doing the denuding!

THE raise in the price of sugar by the trust this year netted the masters $30,000,000. This is nearly $2 a family! If the law had laid a tax of $2 a family on sugar it would have hurled from power any party that did it and would have caused tax riots all over the country. But the trusts have educated the people to accept without grumbling any extortion they are pleased to put on them. What a wise, free, intelligent people the United Stated of Monopoly has produced!—*Appeal to Reason.*

HERE is a lesson says an exchange for sweet young ladies, in the remark of a gentleman to-day, who said, "Passing a house the other day, my attention was was attracted to an unusually handsome young lady. Suddenly she spoke to her younger sister, and I involuntarily caught my breath, to realize that my head was on. I looked again and it was the same face, but not a trace of beauty was left in my mind through that ringing of the snappish retort that had come from pretty lips." Young ladies, remember that beauty can be made only skin deep, but it is the ugliness of a cross temper that goes clear to the bone.

EDWARD M. SHEPARD, quoting from Abram S. Hewitt, sets forth a great fundamental truth when he says that "the security of property is an integral and sacred part of personal liberty." It is also one of the blessings of good government. The right to labor for whom one will, to receive full value for that labor and under the protection of the law to keep its fruits belongs essentially to the free man and to him alone. Thrift was the lesson of the youth to the Republic. The fathers taught and practised it. The man who has is presumably a better man than he who has not. "It is hard," said Benjamin Franklin, "for an empty sack to stand upright."

A FAMOUS BIG WHEEL

Probable End of the Great Midway Feature.

The Invention of Ferris Has About Served Its Purpose and Will Soon Find Its Way to the Scrap Heap.

When the Ferris wheel is sent to the scrap heap—a thing likely soon to happen—the greatest engineering vagary of the century will have passed into that oblivion reserved for fads, flying machines and perpetual-motion contrivances. Not that the great Ferris wheel is any of these, says the Chicago Post, but simply because it never could serve any practical use, because it embodies no distinctly new principle in engineering and because it has a marvelous faculty of emptying the coffers of those who try to make its huge bulk earn even a small part of the cost of maintaining it—to say nothing of the cost of original investment.

As one of the wonders of the world's fair of 1893—perhaps the chief wonder—the Ferris wheel stood unique. Its great size, marvelous construction and distinct novelty made it not only the crowning feature of the midway, but the gossip of four continents. During the continuance of the exposition more than a million and a half of visitors from all quarters of the globe rode in its suspended cars and from a height of 264 feet caught a bird's-eye glimpse of the fair grounds, the lake and the distant city.

Though less than a third the height of the Eiffel tower of the Paris exposition, the Ferris wheel was a much greater wonder. The Eiffel tower was merely a continuous projection of successive towers one upon another. Given a suitable base, its construction simply meant the stringing of iron and steel straight into the air. But in the Ferris wheel something new in construction was accomplished—new because of its great size. It was the projection of a gigantic circle, carrying thousands of tons of steel and iron suspended from an axle and readily movable by the application of machinery. To have built the Ferris wheel simply to stand upon its periphery would have been a comparatively simple task. To suspend this mass of metal from a central point and give it motion was the conception of genius.

About $25,000 was spent in plans, tests, etc., before the actual construction of the wheel began. Some 30 firms took part in its making and a Chicago firm saw to its erection. When ready to be turned the Ferris wheel had cost $362,000 and had consumed about 8,000,000 pounds of iron and steel. The movable part of it weighed 4,200,000 pounds, and it required two engines of 1,000 horse-power each to keep it turning. And so nicely adjusted were all the parts, so well balanced was the great steel circle with its 36 cars, capable of carrying 2,160 persons, that it was under as full control as a sewing machine or a pony engine. Once or twice during the world's fair the motive power needed adjustment, but the only results so far as the public was concerned were humorous incidents, which gave the newspaper men a few columns of anything but dull reading matter.

It is barely possible that had the world's fair lasted a year or two the Ferris wheel might have paid for itself. This is based on the assumption that it would have continued to be a novelty for 12 months or more. As it was the gross earnings of the wheel during the fair were $812,000. About one-fifth of this went to the stockholders as profits. The power necessary to operate the big wheel would have run a cotton factory of 100,000 spindles and 3,000 looms and employing 5,000 operatives. The boilers of the power plant consumed coal like an ocean liner. No other single feature of the great exposition represented such an expenditure of energy.

But the fair lasted only six months, and the Ferris wheel ceased paying dividends with the closing of the exposition gates. Had it gone from its place on the Midway direct to the scrap pile or to Coney Island, as was at one time suggested, more than one Chicagoan would have been some thousands of dollars richer to-day. The wheel that was such a drawing card on the shores of Lake Michigan, where the surroundings were somewhat proportioned to its size, was moved to the North side of the city and placed in a space so small that the cars hung over other property while the wheel was revolving.

There it has turned occasionally for the last few years, eating up coal, piling up cost, an eyesore to the neighborhood and a white elephant to its owners. What has the big wheel cost to date? Deducting the sum paid to stockholders during the world's fair, and counting as part of the cost what it has lost to its owners, it is safe to say that $1,000,000 will not cover the total. To move it from Jackson park to the North side cost alone $175,000, and it is figured it will require an expenditure of at least $25,000 to take it down and remove it from where it now stands.

With the passing of the Ferris wheel the questions naturally arise: Why was it built? What has it accomplished? Has it proved any new and useful principle in engineering? Aside from its being the concrete of an idea conceived by its designer, the Ferris wheel undoubtedly was built to make money. Those who invested in it purposed taking advantage of the popular craze for novelties and fads, but the investment was too large to permit the popular craze to outlast it.

Are Learning.

A London military expert says the British have still the arts of war to learn. They are at least going to a good school, says the Chicago Record.

Town Too Valuable to Live In.

A gold mine has been located on one of the streets of Keswick, Shasta county, Cal., and there are indications of an oil vein in another. The population will soon have to move away. The town is altogether too valuable merely to be lived in.

HOME INFLUENCE.

Proper Training Has a Moral Value That Cannot Be Overestimated.

What a sweet and profound truth those familiar words express! Home is rightly the earthly center of our affections as well as the great source of our earthly joys; around it cluster our fondest memories and our fairest hopes; and all that comes to us in this life of brightness or sweetness suggests the thought of home. God pity the homeless! Home and family may not be exact synonyms, but it is no easy matter to dissociate them in our thoughts; each implies the other. Home is certainly not home where the wise counsels of a kind father or the tender ministrations of a fond mother are wanting, for these are essential to the true conception of home. Again, home is where our loved ones are, and where should these be in a Christian land if not in sweet communion under the family roof-tree? Possible exceptions do not negative the rule, says Housewife.

Parents are the natural homemakers to their children, and the ideal home can only be found where there is perfect harmony between them. Mutual affection and respect between them will render unkindness on the part of either toward the other impossible. Unkindness makes any home dreary, while love is the genius of the home circle that lightens labor, distills joy and dispenses warmth and sunshine. Love hallows and effectuates the marriage vows.

Blessed are the children of loving, sensible parents, if there is love and filial piety in their own hearts! To such children and parents home will ever be the dearest spot on earth, the one nearest in brightness to Heaven, that eternal abiding place of the Christian, where loved ones shall dwell together in everlasting union when the trials of this life are ended. If our homes are what they should be, "Heaven lies about us in our infancy," in an almost literal sense; and holy influences emanate from the true home that keeps Heaven close to its inmates throughout life.

We must not forget to say that the mother is the greatest of all homemakers to the child, and no one else can fully supply her place. If she is disqualified, in any essential particular, for this responsible position of home-maker, her children and her husband are much to be pitied. If she is deficient in heart or mind, lacking in tenderness or judgment, her defects will be intensified in her offspring, as men and women are generally what their mothers make them. The mother creates the home atmosphere which determines the course of the child's life. If she is no true homemaker, she will not be permitted to taste the sweetest joy of motherhood, that of beholding the goodness of her own children. Of course we do not wish to ignore the father, for to the perfect home both parents are essential. The two lovingly unite in caring for the bodies and souls of the children.

The moral value of proper home influences cannot be overestimated; for all virtue starts in the home. Indeed, true morality is inconceivable apart from home associations. Love of God, love of man and love of country are alike impossible in a land that has no real homes. Certainly a man loves his country exactly in the proportion in which he loves his home. The homeless wanderer may be a hero, but he cannot be a patriot. So a man who never experiences the love of a father or of a brother can hardly appreciate the fatherhood of God or the brotherhood of man. A nation is strong only when its homes are happy and family ties held sacred. Love of truth and right is best fostered in the family circle, and ideas of moral purity and excellence take deeper root when inculcated there. A person is apt to have a living faith in God, because he has seen that faith exemplified by his parents. We do not expect good men and women to spring from vicious or neglected homes, while we can be almost certain that the children of good mothers will become useful and respectable members of society.

Home cannot well be made too pleasant or too beautiful. It is only right that it should be the most attractive spot on earth to its inmates, brightened and sweetened by parental, filial and fraternal love. The founding of such heavenlike homes is the mission of Christianity, as their influence is to elevate mankind for the glory of God. The Christian home is the true palladium of morality and religion and all that is noble in man.

Shirring Revived.

A great deal of shirring is done on the lighter gowns. Cashmeres and veilings this spring are often shirred about the waist to represent a corselet belt, the gowns cut in princess or redingote style, the shirring being done below as well as above the waist line. In organdies and lawns entire fronts are shirred, while shirred yokes of thin white stuffs are put into colored gowns. Net skirts are shirred in several rows at the top and the fullness falls loose and straight over the silk foundation.—Detroit Free Press.

Dried Apple Cake.

Soak over night two teacupfuls of dried apples. In the morning chop fine and simmer for two hours in two cupfuls of New Orleans molasses. When nearly cold add one cupful of sugar, one-half cup of butter, four cups of flour, two eggs, one dessert spoon of soda, one cup of sour milk, one cup of raisins and a little cinnamon, cloves and nutmeg. This cake is so delicious it is well worth trying. —National Rural.

Georgia's Fruit Industry.

In addition to its other new industries, Georgia is beginning to witness a growth of her fruit industry which must soon attract the attention of fruitgrowers elsewhere. Many of the old farms of that state, particularly in the northern part, which had about driven their owners into bankruptcy, have been made under this new development exceedingly profitable. The old red hills, good for nothing else, have been found to contain just the soil for peaches, apples and pears, while the climate is all that could be desired.—Chicago Chronicle.

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Constantly Keep on Hand a Fresh Supply of

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Catering to Order.

Ice Cream, Confectionary, Cold Drinks and Fresh Fruit.
Butter and Eggs Bought and Sold.

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Safford - - Arizona.

BIG FIRE IN THATCHER.

Mr. John Pressler has a big fire and will take his insurance fees in the moderate price he is asking for his excellent brick burned at his kiln during the late fire. They are of excellent quality and will give genuine satisfaction. Address

JOHN PRESSLER or
THOS. MERRILL, Sr.
Thatcher - - Ariz.

First publication August, 10 1900

Notice for Publication.

Homestead Application No. 2845.

(Commuted.)

LAND OFFICE AT TUCSON, ARIZONA, July 28, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the District Court at Solomonville, Arizona, on Saturday, September 15, 1900, viz.

John O. L. Kiger, of Matthews, Arizona, for the S E ¼ S E ¼ Sec 5 Tp 6 S R 24 E, G & S R B & M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

William Wilson, John S. Waddill, Lorenzo Honsaker and Dave H. Matthews, all of Matthews, Arizona.

MILTON E. MOORE,
Register

WOMEN TO TAKE THE CENSUS.

One Indiana Supervisor Appoints Two Women in His District as Enumerators.

Census Supervisor J. D. Poutch, of the New Albany (Ind.) district, has appointed two female enumerators in his territory. One is Mrs. Ruth Ellen Funk, of Harrison county, and the other Miss Alta Ritter, of Orangeville, Orange county. Miss Ritter is at present employed as a teacher in the public schools of Kokomo, and is an exceptionally bright young woman, says local report. Mrs. Funk served as enumerator when the census was taken ten years ago, and her work was highly satisfactory.

In speaking of the matter, Mr. Poutch said: "It has been demonstrated that a woman can do exceptionally good work as an enumerator, as she is at all times painstaking and careful, and her work is, as a rule a model of neatness. You will also notice that I have named a great many school-teachers for this work. The reason for this is, I suppose, due principally to the fact that the schools close just before the taking of the census begins, and the teachers make the applications in order to have something to do during the vacation. I sent sample blanks to all the applicants to be filled out, and naturally the teachers were more successful than any others in filling these blanks, thus securing the appointments.

"Probably about 60 per cent. of the enumerators in the country are school-teachers. At least this is so in Indiana, and, I suppose, in other states over the country. It requires much more care to make a successful enumerator than is generally supposed, and the supervisor is subjected to a great many trials and much trouble in remedying the defects, so that his position is not the pleasant and desirable one that many persons suppose."

SAVAGE ENGLISH IN TURKEY.

Natives Think They Must Have Been Exiled for Their Bad Clothes.

A correspondent from Constantinople says: "The natives think that all English women (and men) dress badly in England, because of the costumes tourists wear. They certainly do wear the most extraordinary clothes, and it looks as if they are doing their best to make themselves ridiculous. Very short skirts and badly fitting coats, large wide-awake hats and thick veils, says the Gentlewoman.

"Now, Pera, where the Europeans live and the hotels are situated, is quite like any continental town, and the residents dress as they would in London or Paris, so a tourist is at once noticed on account of her remarkable get-up.

"Even in Stamboul the natives know directly whether a purchaser is a resident or traveler from her or his clothes, and charge accordingly for their wares. A Turk once asked if it was true that all the English women who travel are ugly and badly dressed or that they were sent out of England on account of their clothes!

"The natives are almost beginning to cease being astonished at anything extraordinary from an English person. They simply shrug their shoulders and say: 'What can you expect? They are English!' By the travelers behavior I mean that they walk about the streets and laugh and talk as if they had never been in a civilized country before."

[illegible] post-office. tf

Territorial Democratic Convention.

Phœnix, Ariz., July 28, 1900.

A territorial democratial convention is hereby called to meet in Phœnix on the 12th day of September, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., to select a canditae for delegate to congress, a new central committee and for the transaction of such other business as may legitimately come before it.

In accordance with the recommendation of the National democratic committee, "All democratic conservative reform citizens of the territory, irrespective of past political association or differences, who can unite with us in the effort for pure, economical and constitutional government, and who favor the republic and oppose the empire, and who will support the nominee of this convention, are cordially invited to join with us in sending delegates to the convention."

The county committees of the several counties are directed, either by apportionment or by primaries, to select delegates as follows: One for every fifty votes (or major fraction thereof) cast for the Hon. J. F. Wilson, for delegate to congress at the last territorial election.

Below is given the vote by counties, and the number of delegates each county as they now exist is entitled to send to the said territorial convention.

	Wilson votes	No. Delg.
Apache county	221	4
Cochise county	711	14
Coconino county	350	7
Gila county	634	13
Graham county	871	17
Maricopa county	1671	33
Mohave county	474	9
Navajo county	286	6
Pima county	545	11
Pinal county	259	5
Santa Cruz county	212	4
Yavapai county	1719	34
Yuma county	259	5
Total	8,212	162

T. E. FARISH, chairman,
FRANK TROTT, secretary,
Territorial Democratic Central Committee.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

GRAHAM COUNTY DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS, JULY 31, 1900.

At a meeting of the Democratic central committee of Graham county, Arizona, held at Solomonville, Arizona, on this 31st day of July, 1900, it was resolved that a Democratic county convention of said county be called to meet at Safford, Arizona, on Saturday the 1st day of September, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various offices of Graham county to be filled at the ensuing November election; the selection of seventeen delegates to the Territorial convention to meet at Phœnix, September 12th, 1900, and for the transaction of such other necessary business as may come before said convention.

Primaries for the selection of delegates from the various precincts to said county convention will be held in the various precincts on Saturday, August 25th, 1900 at such hour and place as may be designated by due notice previously posted by the central committeeman of such precinct.

The basis of representation given to each precinct will be one delegate for each 10 votes received by Hon. J. F. Wilson in 1898, and one delegate for an additional fraction of six votes, provided that each precinct shall have at least one delegate. The precinct of Solomonville having been divided since the last election and a portion of its former territory now being embraced in San Jose precinct, delegates are hereby apportioned as follows:

Solomonville	7
Safford	11
Thatcher	6
Pima	12
Thomas	3
Aravaipa	1
Duncan	8
Clifton	17
Morenci	7
Central	2
Curtis	3
Grant	2
Bliss	2
Geronimo	2
Metcalf	2
Grand Reef	2
Spenazuma	2
Deer Creek	1
San Jose	4
Total	89

Proxies will be recognized when held by any voter residing within the precinct represented by such proxy.

A. M. ELIAS, Secretary. JOHN J. BIRDNO, Chairman.

New five room house, 2 3-4 acres land with good fence, 1 1 2 acre in alfalfa, young orchard, good stable and other improvements, for sale in Safford.

A good four room house, 3 4 acres land well fenced, good well and young orchard for sale in Safford.

Buss & Birdno.

The Candy Store.

CIGARS

General Arthur, Las Dos Nacions, Sample Case, Herioca Mexican, Flor de Atlanta,
Geo. W. Childs, Southice's Tide, Crocks, May First, Artie,

Full Line of Cheroots, Cigaretts and Tobaccoes.

Mrs. E. A. Howard.

THE GROTTO RESTAU

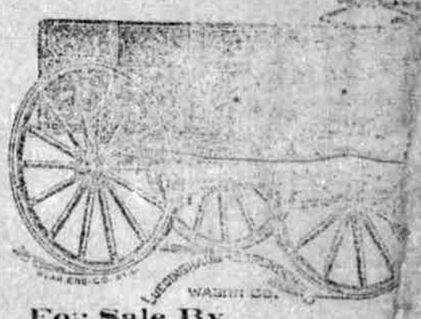
Mrs. Homer DuBoise, Proprietore

Safford

Meals, 35 cents

The Restaurant is now in First-cl
with an entirely new serv
The Tables will be furnished with
the Market Affords.

Best Wagon On E



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—Phone 29.—

We have Moved Our Entire Stock of Groceries fro Bowie, and are now Located in The Co-op Mill B We sell to the Trade Only. Nothing Sold to C sumers. Don't fail to Get Our Prices before Buying Elsewhere, Either in Small or Large Quantities.

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FROM $18 per UP, DELIVER ANYWHER FROM PIMA SOLOMONVIL

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Valley Planing Mil

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Manufacturer of Porch Posts, Banisters, Spindles an Brackets, Cresting, Finals, Gable Ornaments Post Caps, Sa Turned Heads, and Base Blocks, Casing, Table Legs, Mouldi Turning and Scroll Sawing Aspecialty, Frames, Mantle Peaces ters and Bars made to Order and General Job work done.

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100 Per Cent. Hatched.

In a recent hatching contest in which there were over 400 trials the hatch was 100 per cent. in 19 cases with

PETALUMA INCUBATORS.

This machine has been demonstrated to be as near absolute perfection as can be attained. The regulation of heat, air and moisture have been proven perfect. See our new egg tray and other improvements. We pay freight. Catalogue Free.

For sale by H. M. Jeter & Son

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Graham Guardian.

Dollar of 1873

VOL. VI. NO. 26. SAFFORD GRAHAM COUNTY, ARIZONA. AUGUST 31. 1900. OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER

The Guardian.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

Official Directory Graham County

[illegible]

& N. RAILROAD,

[illegible]

No. 24, taking effect June 14, 1900. Mountain Time.

[illegible]

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SCHEDULE.

[illegible] Oct. 28th, 1899.

[illegible]

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LOCAL NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Items of Local Interest Gathered by Reporters on their Rounds.

DOINGS IN AND ABOUT TOWN

Breezy Little Notes of General Interests Picked up Here and There.

Sparks carries a choice line of fancy and mixed candies. tf

E. D. Tuttle returned from a trip to California last Sunday.

Guns, rifles and ammunition at Olney, Ijams Hardware Co. 25 3t

Anna Neese is dangerously ill with typhoid fever.

Peaches for sale at Meyer's in Leyson. 23 1m.

J. C. Robinson left for Grant last Thursday on business.

Look out for the bargain counter at Layton, Allred & Co's. 46tf

Miss Maud Kemp and Miss Bertha Grouthouse left for the east this week.

La Preferencia cigar at Spark's Cigar store. If you want a good smoke try it. tf

Miss Lena Wish, who has been very ill for the past month with typhoid fever, is no better.

For harness, saddles, whips, bridles and all kinds of extras go to H. W. Clarkson, Safford. 9-tf

On the 4th page will be found a millinery announcement that will pay you to read.

Smoke Commodore 5ct. cigar, they are good all the way through. Sparks keeps them

Henretta, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Olney, is quite ill.

A splendid assortment of cupboards, ward robes and bed lounges at Todd & Dunlap's, Safford. 2t

George Hormeyer, Clifton's popular banker, came to Safford last Wednesday.

La Preference Cigar at Spark's Cigar store. If you want good a smoke try it. tf

Mrs Howard, after a long and serious illness, is again in the Candy Store, able to attend to her customers.

For that fuzzy feeling go to Sparks and try one of his delicious milk shakes, only 5 cents.

Call at Wakefield's drug store when you want school books. 1t

A grand ball will be given in Todd's hall on Saturday, Sept. 1st. Candidates and delegates have a special invitation.

La Preferencia Cigar at Spark's Cigar store. If you want a good smoke try it. tf

School Books at Wakefield's drug store. 1t

A small boy of Joe Poulsen's was thrown from a horse near Dr. Wish's office last Tuesday and kicked in the mouth. His face was badly cut.

Gang and walking plows both iron and wood beams at Olney, Ijams Hardware Co. 2t

Smoke the Commodore, the best 5ct. cigar in town.

Mrs. A. V. Jones has named Safford's new hotel which will be completed this week, and henceforth it will be known as the Arlington. Size considered, this hotel equals any in the Territory.

Go to H. L. CASTLE'S Bicycle Store and get a White Bicycle. Fully warranted. They are the cheapest and best. tf

John Parks and W. H. Allbritton, the two men whose faith has never been shaken in the coal fields, are in town this week. These two men will some day leave the strip with a rich reward which they deserve.

Wakefield has the best Vapor Bath on the market. 1t

One half car of plows at Olney, Ijams Hardware Co. 2t

There was no primary held at Geronimo. J. C. Robinson, the committeeman, went to Geronimo for the purpose of holding one, but he could not find enough people to do so. The ranchers living between Thomas and Geronimo prefer to go to Thomas to vote.

The Commodore is stopping at Sparks' he is a good fellow and wants to see every smoker in Graham County, go in and discuss the point with him; you will go away pleased and call again. The Commodore is pleasant and agreeable, you are sure to like him.

The regular quarterly conference of the St. Joseph Stake of Zion will convene in the Assembly Hall at Thatcher, Saturday and Sunday, September 22nd and 23rd. The public are cordially invited to attend.

ANDREW KIMBALL,
W. D. JOHNSON,
C. M. LAYTON.

THE CONVENTION.

The Winning Ticket Will be Nominated To-morrow.

The Democratic Convention will meet to-morrow morning in Todd's hall, Safford, and nominate the ticket that will be elected in November. The convention is composed of representative men of the county who are interested in making old Graham the foremost and best county in the Territory.

Following is the personnal of the convention:

CLIFTON.

Jas. S. Cromb, Cliff W. Parsons,
Frank Springer, C. E. Bull,
Mit S. Simms, Romolo Chavez,
Wm. Blair, Ira Harper,
Lee J. Hobbs, Eibie S. Smith,
Jeff Dunagan, Manuel Baron,
A. F. Williams, Neil Munro,
J. C. Thomas, Francisco Norte,
Abe Boyles.

PIMA.

Ed Allen, H. J. Anderson,
D. H. Matthews, Geo. Peck,
Jos. Taylor, J. A. McBride, jr.
Tom Lamb, Joe Bull,
Jos. Lines, Henry Lines,
Robt. Ferrin, Wm. Birchfield.

SAFFORD.

Wm. Kirtland, H. J. Dowdle,
J. C. Robinson, D. V. A. Talley,
B. Quinn, Geo. Jacobson,
C. R. Freeman, Wilbur Ijams,
Cris Madsen, John Scarlet,
Alonzo Bingham.

SOLOMONVILLE.

A. M. Elias, Wm. Gillispie,
P. Michelena, Ben Clark,
W. B. Kelly, Alberto Munguia,
Angel Franco.

THATCHER.

R. Layton, John Hoopes, jr,
Andrew Kimball, Geo. H. Birdno,
J. O. Pace, R. W. Bingham,

MORENCI.

Bob Campbell, J. H. Velton,
Dr. Tutthill, Jim Puckett,
A. D. Webb, Henry Waller,
H. B. Rice.

SAN JOSE.

A. H. Bennett, A. Bishop,
H. Sanchez, Jose Garcia.

DUNCAN.

Bart Tipton, A. T. Prather,
L. D. Eldridge.

EDEN.

Wm. Stapley, Heber Higgins,
Coon Colvin.

THOMAS.

W. S. Davis, Jas. Davis,
John Harvey.

CENTRAL.

T. G. Webster, Chile Stowe.

SPENAZUMA.

J. J. Putnam, A. J. Lewis.

METCALF.

Bob Campbell, Albert Rosecrans.

DEER CREEK.

John Parks, W. H. Albriton.

CAMP LEBONEN.

Frank Lynch.

GRANT.

Tom Bell, A. W. Childress,

ARAVAIPA.

Wm. Wooten.

GRAND REEF.

A. E. Jones, Jas. Quinn.

New Fall Dress Goods.

We are pleased to announce that our new Fall goods are now in stock and ready for your inspection. Ladies all wool broadclot, 60 inches wide 75 cents a yd. Wool dress flannels from 30 to 35 cents a yd. Elegant raised flowered dress goods 42 inches at 75 cents yd. The highest grade and finest quality of domestic dress goods in the latest up to date and most beautiful fast colors 16 1 3, 12 1 2 and 10 cents per yd., all big values. A complete and beautiful line of the best prints, percales, shirting, domestic, sheeting, flannels, outings, etc., high in quality and low in price.

Our new shoe department has the right kind of shoes at right prices. Children shoes that will wear well, look well and keep the children well. New goods are arriving now almost every day. Please call and see them. Yours anxious to please,

THE ARKANSAW CYCLONE STORE,
Safford, A. T.

To The Delegates.

An invitation is cordially extended to the delegates to the Democratic county convention to call at Sparks' Cigar Store and try some of his imported cigars, delicious milk shakes, cool and refreshing lemonade. Come in and look around, take a smoke and you will surely come again. Sparks' Cigar Store is next door to Olney. Ijams Hardware store. tf

Chancellor and La Preferencia cigars, pure Havana at Sparks' Cigar Store. tf

SHOT AND INSTANTLY KILLED.

A most deplorable tragedy took place about 8 o'clock last Monday morning one mile west of Safford, resulting in the instant death of L. M. Roach, who was shot through the heart by Tump Freeman. Mr. Freeman and Mr. Roach were neighbors, the wagon and rail road running between the two houses, that of Freeman being south of west from the Roach house.

After the killing Mr. Freeman gave himself up to Deputy Sheriff Porter. Justice Hunter summoned a coroner's jury composed of the following gentlemen, went to the scene of the shooting and held an inquest:

W. G. Scott, Wm. Telfer, Jas. Smith, Peter Thompson, Henry Dial, A. Wilson, E. F. Pape, O. Bailey, H. L. Castle, Geo Todd.

After the jury had been sworn the first witness to be examined was Dr. Lindley.

DR. LINDLEY'S TESTIMONY.

I have just made an examination of the body of L. M. Roach with a view of ascertaining the cause of his death. I found only one wound on the body. It entered the chest over the heart, passed through the body oblequely, and came out a little to the right of the spinal column and midway between the shoulder blades. This was a gun shot wound made by a small caliber rifle bullet; probably a No. 30.

The next two to testify were O. C. Scarborough and Wm. Kane, who were eye witnesses to the whole affair.

MR. SCARBOROUGH'S TESTIMONY.

About 8 o'clock this morning myself, Mr. Roach and Mr. Kane were fixing a wagon near the fence when Tump and Mack Freeman drove inside and went to the well to wash the buggy. Mr. Roach left his work and went to them. They talked politics Could not hear much they said; think they quarreled. As Roach left them I heard him say: "I have no respect for those doing such a thing." Tump then went outside into the road; after reaching the road more angry words were said; Roach called Freeman a liar; Freeman said so are you; Roach threw a club at Freeman but he dodged it, picked it up and threw it at Roach. Then Roach told Freeman to get his gun, who replied allright. Roach went to the house and got his gun and came out. Myself, Mack Freeman, Mr Kane and Mrs. Roach endeavored to get the gun from him; he would not give it up. Mrs. Freeman also came out and asked Tump to come back; he replied that he had no gun. Freeman came into the road, mounted horse and road toward Safford. Roach then put gun in front part of wagon but would not let any of us touch it. In a short time Free man came back and when about 50 yards east of where we were I heard him say: I am ready. Roach grabbed gun from wagon and started for Freeman who fired three times and Roach fell at last shot. Roach did not fire but had gun up and pointed toward Freeman but not sighted; he was advancing when he fell. I told Miss Mollie Roach to take gun in house; she did so. In answer to a question Scarborough said that when Tump was going to his house after leaving the well he turned and said to Mr. Roach: I have nothing against you; you have as good a family as I ever saw but you have it in for me.

Ques. "Could Roach have shot Freeman when he came out of the house and mounted horse."

Ans. "No Sir. We were all around him trying to get him to give up his gun. Freeman was not armed and was making no demonstration."

Freeman fired with rifle. After shooting Freeman walked up track. Myself, Mack Freeman, Wm. Kane Housten Roach carried the body into the house.

Wm. Kane then testified to the same as the above except that he said he did not see Freeman throw the club back at Roach and that during the talk when Mr. Freeman was in the street he said: "You think I once put up a job to get you killed but I did not." Roach said you did. Freeman said I did not, when Roach called him a d—n liar when Freeman started for him and Roach started for the house and returned with gun.

MISS ROACH'S TESTIMONY.

Miss Mollie Roach was the next and last witness. She testified that she saw Tump and Mack Freeman come to the well and heard her father talking to them; heard them quarreling; also heard Mack Freeman trying to quiet my father; father went to back of house. Freeman went outside of fence, then I shut the door because I did not want to hear the quarrel. In a short time father ran into the house and got his gun and cart ridges and went outside when those outside tried to get him to have no trouble. I saw Tump come out of his house and go away. Then he returned on horseback. We begged him not to shoot but he got off his horse and fired three shots. I hid the gun; do not know where I found it but think it was in the house. I hid the gun in an out house and covered it with some rags because brother Housten called for it and said he would kill Tump. Afterward I examined the gun in the presence of Messrs. Dial and Smith. It was not loaded. Think farher had gun when shooting began. After shooting Freeman rode toward Safford.

DEPUTY SHERIFF MCKINZIE'S TESTIMONY.

I examined clothing of deceased and found two shot gun cartridges in pants' pocket. They were loaded with No. 6 shot and fit a 12 gauge gun.

A single barrel shot gun was identified as the weapon which Mr. Roach had.

JURY'S VERDICT.

"Safford, Ariz. Aug. 27, 1900.

We the jury find that the deceased, L. M. Roach, came to his death by a gun shot wound and that said shot was fired by Tump Freeman."

After the coroner's inquest Justice Hunter set the hearing at 2 o'clock on Tuesday. Tump was allowed to return to his father's home upon his own recognizance pending the examination.

At the hour set the hearing began with Messrs. McCollum and Dial representing the defendant and District Attorney Jones the Territory.

Mr Scarborough was the first witness for the prosecution. The following was brought out in addition to his testimony before the coroner's inquest: When Mr. Roach left the well I heard him say that is the man who once laid a plot to have me murdered. When Mr. Freeman got into the road he said Mr. Roach I heard your remark but you are mistaken, I had nothing to do with it. Roach came out of house with gun as Freeman was going home; it looked like he was loading it; I thought he was going to shoot and we surrounded him to prevent it. Freeman did not appear to be angry. Don't think Roach could see well.

The other witnesses for the prosecution were Mr. Kane, Mollie, Modena and Mrs. Roach. Nothing was added, however, except that Mollie thought she saw her father loading gun and that when Tump was returning on horseback that Modena saw him and gave the alarm that he was coming and that the ladies present started to meet Tump and the men remained inside the fence where Mr. Roach was, all endeavoring to prevent trouble. Modena stated that when Freeman left on horseback she saw her father unload his gun before placing it in the wagon. When I saw Tump returning he was about 200 yarrs away. I gave the alarm. When we got near Tump he said get out of the way and something else I did not understand then fired three shots. After shooting he got through the fence and started across the fields toward his father's house.

Mrs. L. M. Roach testified that her husband got gun from house. She followed him out. Mack Freeman stopped him near gate. We all persuaded him to put gun up. I asked Mack to remain to prevent trouble. Modena saw Tump coming and said: Oh, here comes Tump with a gun. I threw up my hands and said: Oh, Tump, don't shoot him. Don't think Mr. Roach saw Tump, but think he was trying to. He had gun in left hand and was fumbling in pocket with right. He was 53 years old.

THE DEFENSE.

The eye witnesses for the defense were Mack Freeman, Mrs. Freeman, (Tump's wife) and the statement, under oath, of the defendant.

MACK FREEMAN'S TESTIMONY.

When Tump, myself and little boy were at the well Mr. Roach came to us and started talking politics to me, we talked some time in a joking way, then in referring to the primary he said I did not think you would do such a thing but Tump would do anything, a man who would put up a job to get another killed would do anything, then turning away said I have no use for either of you. Roach went to wagon near fence and Tump led his team outside and stopped opposite to where Roach was and told Mr. Roach that he was mistaken that he had nothing to do with putting up a job to kill him that if he would bring the person who told him he would face him. Roach said you are a liar: Tump said so are you and Roach threw two clubs at him; Tump tried to get club to throw back but his horses became frightened and he did not throw; the horses forced him across track and he left them and went to house. Roach said to Tump. get your gun, I'll kill you. Roach went to his house and got his gun, came out and I stopped him near gate when he said he knew what he was doing, he would kill the d—n rascal. I saw him load gun; he had cartridges in his hand; we all got around him near the gate, the gun was cocked; we were still in that position when Tump came out of house. Before entering the house Tump called to Roach that he did not want any trouble, that he had as nice a family as could be found but that he, Roach, was no good and that he had no use for him. Roach replied that he had no use for Freeman. Tump called to my little boy to bring him a horse; boy road into street and horse followed; Tump mounted and road away; Roach put gun in wagon near him. When Tump came back Modena said here he comes and Roach grabbed gun and started toward Tump. Girls ran toward Tump. Tump said several times, get out of the way, Artie, he is coming, you'll get shot; I have a gun and can protect myself. Think Tump was on south side of track. Both men appeared to be trying to get a shot after Tump dismounted. Think three shots were fired; know Tump fired two and think Roach fired one but am not certain. After shooting Tump went back up track.

Cross examination: When Roach came out of house with gun he was following Tump. After I had stopped him Mrs. Roach said: "I am glad you were here for we could have done nothing with him; I would have followed Tump right into the house." In returning Tump had to pass Roach's place in order to reach home. There was no other route. When Tump came out of house to get the horse Roach had his gun and was watching Tump. We were trying to persuade him not to shoot. After the shooting Housten came from the field and wanted the gun. I persuaded him not to take it as it would result in more trouble; the gun was then lying by the body and was still there when I left.

Mrs. Tump Freeman testified but she did not see all the difficulty but her testimony of what she saw corroborated of Mack's and Tump's testimoney.

TUMP FREEMAN'S TESTIMONY.

Tump Freeman's testimony was the same as Mack's up to where Mr. Roach threw clubs at him. He said they had been on good terms and the reason he stopped to talk after going outside the fence was to convince Mr. Roach that he accused him wrongfully. After he threw clubs and I was trying to get one Roach ran his hand in pocket as if after knife. I told him not to come out there with a knife. My horses forced me across track to fence where I left them. Before I got to my house I saw him enter his house, get gun and come out. I then called to him that I wanted no trouble and he had better drop it; I was not angry; he was trying to get at me with his gun; when I saw how determined and angry he was I was afraid he would kill me and that my wife was not safe. I had no gun; do not own one; I called to a boy to bring me a horse; I mounted and road away to get a gun for the protection of myself and wife for I was afraid of Mr. Roach. I got gun at father's house; no one saw me; I returned on trail on south side of track so as to avoid Roach if possible. I could reach home by no other route. When I was riding home my wife and Modena Roach ran toward me; my wife asked me not to shoot; I told her I would not; I could not see Roach at that time. Just then I saw Roach come from behind wagon with gun in hand and advancing toward me as if ready to shoot; I told the girls to get out of the way for he was coming and they would get shot. I jumped off my horse and waited till the girls got out of the way when I fired; Roach was advancing when I fired. I shot over his head the first time thinking that would stop him but when I found it did not then I shot direct. I considered him dangerous; he showed me scars where he had been shot during rows he had had. I did not want trouble and tried to get home without encountering him by keeping on south side of track. At time of trouble I knew he had threatened several lives. I was afraid of him because I thought he would kill me. He told me he had been in several shooting scrapes. He ran Peter Andarsan off his place with a gun some time ago. I know I fired two shots. When I saw Roach coming I waited till women got out of range before I fired. He was coming toward me with gun up when I fired. After shooting I went back up road and to father's house. I told father what had happened and asked him to notify officers which he did. When I saw him coming he acted as if he was going to prevent me from reaching home and I warned him that I was now armed and I believed he intended to kill me. I could see his gun and knew it to be his shot gun; Housten had told me they had buck shot in the house; I knew if he fired not only my life was in danger but also that of my wife and his little girl. I saw him first coming toward me just after I told my wife I would not shoot. I tried my best to avoid the trouble and did not fire until I was forced to.

C. R. Freeman testified that Tump came home and told him of the shooting and asked him to notify the officers. He notified Deputy Sheriff Hood Porter.

Deputy Sheriff Hood Porter testified that he was notified of the shooting by Mr. Freeman and that he went to his house where he found Tump and placed him under arrest.

At this point court adjourned until Wednesday morning. When court was called Peter Andarsan was the first witness. He testified that he had trouble with Roach over Jas. Lassator. Later one of his horses got into Roach's field. He went after it and Roach would not let him take it away. "Told me to get out or he would fill me full of led. I got out." He stood in door with gun but did not point at me. Don't remember of telling Tump Freeman about it. Have heard of him having rows with other people.

John Blake testified that he had heard Mr. Roach was a dangerous man. Roach told him of taking gun to settle difficulty with Mr. [illegible]. Told me of having difficulty with Col. Hooker.

Harry G. [illegible] testified: Have seen Mr. Roach have difficulties. He [illegible] fights and rows; boasted of his [illegible]. Uncle Jim saw him have row with Roach Morris over some boys. [illegible] cut drew knife and said he would cut his heart out and roll it in the sand. Morris had small walking cane. Roach afterward told me if we had let him alone he would have cut his heart out and eaten the little end of it. He also had a row with Mr. Nash. It was not young Roach, it was the old gentleman.

J. T. Pearce testified that about a month ago he talked with Mr. Roach about his eyes. He told him he was better every way and could see better than for fourteen years.

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY.

The prosecution then offered testimony in rebuttal. Modena Roach was the first witness called.

Q. What did Tump say when his wife called to him not to shoot?

Ans. Said get out of the way and something I did not understand. He used some cuss words. I do not think father could see distinctly as far as from the wagon to the railroad. Had said his eyes were not so sore. Mrs. Freeman was a few feet nearer Tump than I when he got off horse. I did not hear him speak to his wife.

John Keasley testified that he had known Mr. Roach well for about six years. Have met Mr. Roach repeatedly and he could only recognize me by my voice if I were more than ten feet away on account of bad eyes. He told me that was the only way he could recognize me.

Mollie Roach was called by the defense and asked if she told Mrs. Freeman if Tump had not killed her father her father would have killed Tump.

Ans. "No sir."

Mrs. Tump Freeman was recalled.

Q. "Did you talk with an eye witness to the killing after it occurred?"

Ans. "Yes sir. With Mollie Roach.

Q. "What was the conversation?"

Here the prosecution interposed an objection and the question was argued at some length. The court ordered the question answered.

Ans. "Mollie said that if Tump had not killed her father that her father would have killed Tump. Mrs. Wallace and Will Freeman were present."

The arguments on both sides were submitted by 3 o'clock. Masterly arguments were made by both prosecution and defense. After the arguments the case was taken under advisement and at 6 o'clock the decision was rendered. Mr. Freeman was held to answer to the grand jury in the sum of $6,000.

H. J. Dowdle, Geo. A. Olney, J. C. Robinson and Wilbur Ijams promptly signed the bond.

For lint on the lungs, caused from chewing the rag, try a milk shake at Sparks'.

-The Guardian-

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FRIDAY, AUGUST, 31 1900

Press Comments.

When the government issues bonds the people become bondmen. If the bonds run 20, 30 or 40 years, we place a mortgage upon the labor of our children.—Zanesville *Labor Journal*.

Farmers were once among the capitalists of the land. They are now mere laborers getting the laborers pittance. If one buys a farm, he simply secures a steady job.—Peoria *Gazette*.

One of the senate doorkeepers stationed in the lobby next to the marble room had just warned a visitor not to puff the cigar which he carried in his hand. At that moment the electric bells sounded a call for a vote and Senator Lodge hastened in from a nearby committee room. He was puffing violently at a long black cigar.

"Why don't you warn that man?" asked the visitor.

"Because I know my bussness," replied the custodian of the door. "That is the man who made the rule."—Chicago *Journal*.

THE list of casualties on the march to Pekin furnished by Admiral Remey hardly warrants any heavy demand for "indemnity." The average Brooklyn trolley car, when turned loose on a down grade, can do more damage in two minutes than the whole Chinese army succeeded in doing in a month.

ENGLAND has a system of direct taxation, with the result that the exploits of her jingoes are directly cutting down incomes, and the "goose" is beginning to "squawk." How Chamberlain must envy our jingoes our system of indirect taxation, whereunder ten times as many feathers may be got from the goose without it ever suspecting that the government is doing the denuding!

THE raise in the price of sugar by the trust this year netted the masters $30,000,000. This is nearly $2 a family! If the law had laid a tax of $2 a family on sugar it would have hurled from power any party that did it and would have caused tax riots all over the country. But the trusts have educated the people to accept without grumbling any extortion they are pleased to put on them. What a wise, free, intelligent people the United Stated of Monopoly has produced!—*Appeal to Reason*.

HERE is a lesson says an exchange for sweet young ladies, in the remark of a gentleman to-day, who said, "Passing a house the other day, my attention was was attracted to an unusually handsome young lady. Suddenly she spoke to her younger sister, and I involuntarily caught my breath, to realize that my head was on. I looked again and it was the same face, but not a trace of beauty was left in my mind through that ringing of the snappish retort that had come from pretty lips." Young ladies, remember that beauty can be made only skin deep, but it is the ughness of a cross temper that goes clear to the bone.

EDWARD M. SHEPARD, quoting from Abram S. Hewitt, sets forth a great fundamental truth when he says that "the security of property is an integral and sacred part of personal liberty." It is also one of the blessings of good government. The right to labor for whom one will, to receive full value for that labor and under the protection of the law to keep its fruits belongs essentially to the free man and to him alone. Thrift was the lesson of the youth to the Republic. The fathers taught and practised it. The man who has is presumably a better man than he who has not. "It is hard," said Benjamin Franklin, "for an empty sack to stand upright."

A FAMOUS BIG WHEEL

Probable End of the Great Midway Feature.

The Invention of Ferris Has About Served Its Purpose and Will Soon Find Its Way to the Scrap Heap.

When the Ferris wheel is sent to the scrap heap—a thing likely soon to happen—the greatest engineering vagary of the century will have passed into that oblivion reserved for fads, flying machines and perpetual-motion contrivances. Not that the great Ferris wheel is any of these, says the Chicago Post, but simply because it never could serve any practical use, because it embodies no distinctly new principle in engineering and because it has a marvelous faculty of emptying the coffers of those who try to make its huge bulk earn even a small part of the cost of maintaining it—to say nothing of the cost of original investment.

As one of the wonders of the world's fair of 1893—perhaps the chief wonder—the Ferris wheel stood unique. Its great size, marvelous construction and distinct novelty made it not only the crowning feature of the midway, but the gossip of four continents. During the continuance of the exposition more than a million and a half of visitors from all quarters of the globe rode in its suspended cars and from a height of 264 feet caught a bird's-eye glimpse of the fair grounds, the lake and the distant city.

Though less than a third the height of the Eiffel tower of the Paris exposition, the Ferris wheel was a much greater wonder. The Eiffel tower was merely a continuous projection of successive towers one upon another. Given a suitable base, its construction simply meant the stringing of iron and steel straight into the air. But in the Ferris wheel something new in construction was accomplished—new because of its great size. It was the projection of a gigantic circle, carrying thousands of tons of steel and iron suspended from an axle and readily movable by the application of machinery. To have built the Ferris wheel simply to stand upon its periphery would have been a comparatively simple task. To suspend this mass of metal from a central point and give it motion was the conception of genius.

About $25,000 was spent in plans, tests, etc., before the actual construction of the wheel began. Some 30 firms took part in its making and a Chicago firm saw to its erection. When ready to be turned the Ferris wheel had cost $362,000 and had consumed about 8,000,000 pounds of iron and steel. The movable part of it weighed 4,200,000 pounds, and it required two engines of 1,000 horse-power each to keep it turning. And so nicely adjusted were all the parts, so well balanced was the great steel circle with its 36 cars, capable of carrying 2,160 persons, that it was under as full control as a sewing machine or a pony engine. Once or twice during the world's fair the motive power needed adjustment, but the only results so far as the public was concerned were humorous incidents, which gave the newspaper men a few columns of anything but dull reading matter.

It is barely possible that had the world's fair lasted a year or two the Ferris wheel might have paid for itself. This is based on the assumption that it would have continued to be a novelty for 12 months or more. As it was the gross earnings of the wheel during the fair were $812,800. About one-fifth of this went to the stockholders as profits. The power necessary to operate the big wheel would have run a cotton factory of 100,000 spindles and 3,000 looms and employing 5,000 operatives. The boilers of the power plant consumed coal like an ocean liner. No other single feature of the great exposition represented such an expenditure of energy.

But the fair lasted only six months, and the Ferris wheel ceased paying dividends with the closing of the exposition gates. Had it gone from its place on the Midway direct to the scrap pile or to Coney Island, as was at one time suggested, more than one Chicagoan would have been some thousands of dollars richer to-day. The wheel that was such a drawing card on the shores of Lake Michigan, where the surroundings were somewhat proportioned to its size, was moved to the North side of the city and placed in a space so small that the cars hung over other property while the wheel was revolving.

There it has turned occasionally for the last few years, eating up coal, piling up cost, an eyesore to the neighborhood and a white elephant to its owners. What has the big wheel cost to date? Deducting the sum paid to stockholders during the world's fair, and counting as part of the cost what it has lost to its owners, it is safe to say that $1,000,000 will not cover the total. To move it from Jackson park to the North side cost alone $175,000, and it is figured it will require an expenditure of at least $25,000 to take it down and remove it from where it now stands.

With the passing of the Ferris wheel the questions naturally arise: Why was it built? What has it accomplished? Has it proved any new and useful principle in engineering? Aside from its being the concrete of an idea conceived by its designer, the Ferris wheel undoubtedly was built to make money. Those who invested in it purposed taking advantage of the popular craze for novelties and fads, but the investment was too large to permit the popular craze to outlast it.

Are Learning.

A London military expert says the British have still the arts of war to learn. They are at least going to a good school, says the Chicago Record.

Town Too Valuable to Live In.

A gold mine has been located on one of the streets of Keswick, Shasta county, Cal., and there are indications of an oil vein in another. The population will soon have to move away. The town is altogether too valuable merely to be lived in.

HOME INFLUENCE.

Proper Training Has a Moral Value That Cannot Be Overestimated.

What a sweet and profound truth those familiar words express! Home is rightly the earthly center of our affections as well as the great source of our earthly joys; around it cluster our fondest memories and our fairest hopes; and all that comes to us in this life of brightness or sweetness suggests the thought of home. God pity the homeless! Home and family may not be exact synonyms, but it is no easy matter to dissociate them in our thoughts; each implies the other. Home is certainly not home where the wise counsels of a kind father or the tender ministrations of a fond mother are wanting, for these are essential to the true conception of home. Again, home is where our loved ones are, and where should these be in a Christian land if not in sweet communion under the family roof-tree? Possible exceptions do not negative the rule, says Housewife.

Parents are the natural home-makers to their children, and the ideal home can only be found where there is perfect harmony between them. Mutual affection and respect between them will render unkindness on the part of either toward the other impossible. Unkindness makes any home dreary, while love is the genius of the home circle that lightens labor, distills joy and dispenses warmth and sunshine. Love hallows and effectuates the marriage vows.

Blessed are the children of loving, sensible parents, if there is love and filial piety in their own hearts! To such children and parents home will ever be the dearest spot on earth, the one nearest in brightness to Heaven, that eternal abiding place of the Christian, where loved ones shall dwell together in everlasting union when the trials of this life are ended. If our homes are what they should be, "Heaven lies about us in our infancy," in an almost literal sense; and holy influences emanate from the true home that keeps Heaven close to its inmates throughout life.

We must not forget to say that the mother is the greatest of all home-makers to the child, and no one else can fully supply her place. If she is disqualified, in any essential particular, for this responsible position of home-maker, her children and her husband are much to be pitied. If she is deficient in heart or mind, lacking in tenderness or judgment, her defects will be intensified in her offspring, as men and women are generally what their mothers make them. The mother creates the home atmosphere which determines the course of the child's life. If she is no true homemaker, she will not be permitted to taste the sweetest joy of motherhood, that of beholding the goodness of her own children. Of course we do not wish to ignore the father, for to the perfect home both parents are essential. The two lovingly unite in caring for the bodies and souls of the children.

The moral value of proper home influences cannot be overestimated; for all virtue starts in the home. Indeed, true morality is inconceivable apart from home associations. Love of God, love of man and love of country are alike impossible in a land that has no real homes. Certainly a man loves his country exactly in the proportion in which he loves his home. The homeless wanderer may be a hero, but he cannot be a patriot. So a man who never experiences the love of a father or of a brother can hardly appreciate the fatherhood of God or the brotherhood of man. A nation is strong only when its homes are happy and family ties held sacred. Love of truth and right is best fostered in the family circle, and ideas of moral purity and excellence take deeper root when inculcated there. A person is apt to have a living faith in God, because he has seen that faith exemplified by his parents. We do not expect good men and women to spring from vicious or neglected homes, while we can be almost certain that the children of good mothers will become useful and respectable members of society.

Home cannot well be made too pleasant or too beautiful. It is only right that it should be the most attractive spot on earth to its inmates, brightened and sweetened by parental, filial and fraternal love. The founding of such heavenlike homes is the mission of Christianity, as their influence is to elevate mankind for the glory of God. The Christian home is the true palladium of morality and religion and all that is noble in man.

Shirring Revived.

A great deal of shirring is done on the lighter gowns. Cashmeres and veilings this spring are often shirred about the waist to represent a corselet belt, the gowns cut in princess or redingote style, the shirring being done below as well as above the waist line. In organdies and lawns entire fronts are shirred, while shirred yokes of thin white stuffs are put into colored gowns. Net skirts are shirred in several rows at the top and the fullness falls loose and straight over the silk foundation.—Detroit Free Press.

Dried Apple Cake.

Soak over night two teacupfuls of dried apples. In the morning chop fine and simmer for two hours in two cupfuls of New Orleans molasses. When nearly cold add one cupful of sugar, one-half cup of butter, four cups of flour, two eggs, one dessert spoon of soda, one cup of sour milk, one cup of raisins and a little cinnamon, cloves and nutmeg. This cake is so delicious it is well worth trying.—National Rural.

Georgia's Fruit Industry.

In addition to its other new industries, Georgia is beginning to witness a growth of her fruit industry which must soon attract the attention of fruitgrowers elsewhere. Many of the old farms of that state, particularly in the northern part, which had about driven their owners into bankruptcy, have been made under this new development exceedingly profitable. The old red hills, good for nothing else, have been found to contain just the soil for peaches, apples and pears, while the climate is all that could be desired.—Chicago Chronicle.

Gila Valley Bakery,

Constantly Keep on Hand a Fresh Supply of

BAKERY PRODUCTS.

Bread, Pies, Cakes, Buns, Etc.

Catering to Order.

Ice Cream, Confectionary, Cold Drinks and Fresh Fruit. Butter and Eggs Bought and Sold.

Lamson & Silkwood, Pops.

Safford - - Arizona.

BIG FIRE IN THATCHER.

Mr. John Pressler has a big fire and will take his insurance fees in the moderate price he is asking for his excellent brick burned at his kiln during the late fire. They are of excellent quality and will give genuine satisfaction. Address

JOHN PRESSLER or
THOS. MERRILL, Sr.
Thatcher - - Ariz.

First publication August, 10 1900

Notice for Publication.

Homestead Application No. 2845.

(Commuted.)

LAND OFFICE AT TUCSON, ARIZONA,
July 28, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the District Court at Solomonville, Arizona, on saturday, september 15, 1900, viz.

John O. L. Keger, of Matthews, Arizona, for the S E ¼ N E ¼ Sec 5 Tp 6 S R 24 E, G & S R B & M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

William Wilson, John S. Waddill, Lorenzo Honsaker and Dave H. Matthews, all of Matthews, Arizona.

MILTON R. MOORE,
Register

WOMEN TO TAKE THE CENSUS.

One Indiana Supervisor Appoints Two Women in His District as Enumerators.

Census Supervisor J. D. Poutch, of the New Albany (Ind.) district, has appointed two female enumerators in his territory. One is Mrs. Ruth Ellen Funk, of Harrison county, and the other Miss Alta Ritter, of Orangeville, Orange county. Miss Ritter is at present employed as a teacher in the public schools of Kokomo, and is an exceptionally bright young woman, says local report. Mrs. Funk served as enumerator when the census was taken ten years ago, and her work was highly satisfactory.

In speaking of the matter, Mr. Poutch said: "It has been demonstrated that a woman can do exceptionally good work as an enumerator, as she is at all times painstaking and careful, and her work is, as a rule a model of neatness. You will also notice that I have named a great many school-teachers for this work. The reason for this is, I suppose, due principally to the fact that the schools close just before the taking of the census begins, and the teachers make the applications in order to have something to do during the vacation. I sent sample blanks to all the applicants to be filled out, and naturally the teachers were more successful than any others in filling these blanks, thus securing the appointments.

"Probably about 60 per cent. of the enumerators in the country are school-teachers. At least this is so in Indiana, and, I suppose, in other states over the country. It requires much more care to make a successful enumerator than is generally supposed, and the supervisor is subjected to a great many trials and much trouble in remedying the defects, so that his position is not the pleasant and desirable one that many persons suppose."

SAVAGE ENGLISH IN TURKEY.

Natives Think They Must Have Been Exiled for Their Bad Clothes.

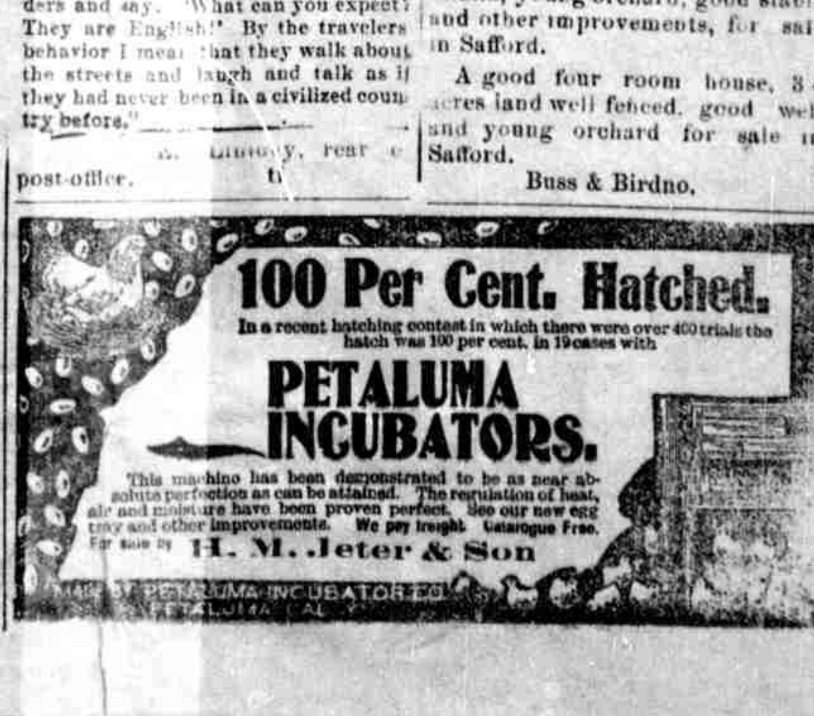
A correspondent from Constantinople says: "The natives think that all English women (and men) dress badly in England, because of the costumes tourists wear. They certainly do wear the most extraordinary clothes, and it looks as if they are doing their best to make themselves ridiculous. Very short skirts and badly fitting coats, large wide-awake hats and thick veils, says the Gentlewoman.

"Now, Pera, where the Europeans live and the hotels are situated, is quite like any continental town, and the residents dress as they would in London or Paris, so a tourist is at once noticed on account of her remarkable get-up.

"Even in Stamboul the natives know directly whether a purchaser is a resident or traveler from her or his clothes, and charge accordingly for their wares. A Turk once asked if it was true that all the English women who travel are ugly and badly dressed or that they were sent out of England on account of their clothes!

"The natives are almost beginning to cease being astonished at anything extraordinary from an English person. They simply shrug their shoulders and say, 'What can you expect? They are English!' By the travelers behavior I mean that they walk about the streets and laugh and talk as if they had never been in a civilized country before."

[illegible] near [illegible] post-office. [illegible]



Territorial Democratic Convention.

Phœnix, Ariz., July 28, 1900.

A territorial democratial convention is hereby called to meet in Phœnix on the 12th day of September, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., to select a canditae for delegate to congress, a new central committee and for the transaction of such other business as may legitimately come before it.

In accordance with the recommendation of the National democratic committee, "All democratic conservative reform citizens of the territory, irrespective of past political association or differences, who can unite with us in the effort for pure, economical and constitutional government, and who favor the republic and oppose the empire, and who will support the nominee of this convention, are cordially invited to join with us in sending delegates to the convention."

The county committees of the several counties are directed, either by apportionment or by primaries, to select delegates as follows: One for every fifty votes (or major fraction thereof) cast for the Hon. J. F. Wilson, for delegate to congress at the last territorial election.

Below is given the vote by counties, and the number of delegates each county as they now exist is entitled to send to the said territorial convention.

	Wilson votes	No. Delg.
Apache county	221	4
Cochise county	711	14
Coconino county	350	7
Gila county	634	13
Graham county	871	17
Maricopa county	1671	33
Mohave county	474	9
Navajo county	286	6
Pima county	545	11
Pinal county	259	5
Santa Cruz county	212	4
Yavapai county	1719	34
Yuma county	259	5
Total	8,212	162

T. E. FARISH, chairman,
FRANK TROTT, secretary,
Territorial Democratic Central Committee.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

GRAHAM COUNTY DEMOCRATIC
CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS,
JULY 31, 1900.

At a meeting of the Democratic central committee of Graham county, Arizona, held at Solomonville, Arizona, on this 31st day of July, 1900, it was resolved that a Democratic county convention of said county be called to meet at Safford, Arizona, on Saturday the 1st day of September, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various offices of Graham county to be filled at the ensuing November election; the selection of seventeen delegates to the Territorial convention to meet at Phœnix, September 12th, 1900, and for the transaction of such other necessary business as may come before said convention.

Primaries for the selection of delegates from the various precincts to said county convention will be held in the various precincts on Saturday, August 25th, 1900 at such hour and place as may be designated by due notice previously posted by the central committeeman of such precinct.

The basis of representation given to each precinct will be one delegate for each 10 votes received by Hon. J. F. Wilson in 1898, and one delegate for an additional fraction of six votes, provided that each precinct shall have at least one delegate. The precinct of Solomonville having been divided since the last election and a portion of its former territory now being embraced in San Jose precinct, delegates are hereby apportioned as follows:

Solomonville	7
Safford	11
Thatcher	6
Pima	12
Thomas	3
Aravaipa	1
Duncan	3
Clifton	17
Morenci	7
Central	2
Curtis	3
Grant	2
Blue	2
Geronimo	2
Metcalf	2
Grand Reef	2
Spenazuma	2
Deer Creek	1
San Jose	4
Total	89

Proxies will be recognized when held by any voter residing within the precinct represented by such proxy.

A. M. ELIAS, Secretary.
JOHN J. BIRDNO, Chairman.

New five room house, 2 3-4 acres land with good fence, 1 1-2 acre in alfalfa, young orchard, good stable and other improvements, for sale in Safford.

A good four room house, 3 4 acres land well fenced, good well and young orchard for sale in Safford.

Buss & Birdno.

The Candy Store.

CIGARS

General Arthur, Las Dos Nacions, Sample Case, Herioca Mexican, Flor de Atlanta, Geo. W. Chlids, Southice's Tide, Crooks, May First, Artie,

Full Line of Cheroots, Cigaretts and Tobaccoes.

Mrs. E. A. Howard.

THE GROTTO RESTAU[RANT]

Mrs. Homer DuBoise, Proprietore[ss]

Safford - - -

Meals, 35 cents

The Restaurant is now in First-c[lass] with an entirely new serv[ice] The Tables will be furnished with the Market Affords.

Best Wagon On [Earth]

For Sale By

Arizona Copper

4 IMPORTANT GAT[EWAYS]
Through Fast

THE TEXAS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY
TEXARKANA — EL PASO — NEW ORLEANS

AND PASSENGER SERV[ICE]

The direct through line from Arizona and New Mexico to all points in the north[east]. Low altitude. Perfect passenger service. Through cars. No lay-overs. comfort combined. Latest pattern Pullman Buffet sleepers. Handsome new ch[air cars] free. For particulars address

B. F. DARBYSHIRE, S. W. F. & P. A., El Paso, Texas.
R. W. CURRIS, El Paso, Texas.
E. P. TURNER, G. P. & T. A., Dallas Texas.
"NO TROUBLE TO ANSWER QUESTIONS."

Solomon & Wickersham's,

Wholsale Grocers,

Safford, : : : : Ariz.

—Phone 29.—

We have Moved Our Entire Stock of Groceries from Bowie, and are now Located in The Co-op Mill B[uilding]. We sell to the Trade Only. Nothing Sold to Consumers, Don't fail to Get Our Prices before Buying Elsewhere, Either in Small or Large Quantities.

PRICES TO SUIT ALL

Lumber FROM $18 per UP. DELIVERED ANYWHERE FROM PIMA SOLOMONVILLE

H. N. Chlarson & Son

Thatcher, A. T.

Valley Planing Mill

Safford, - - - - - Ar[iz.]

Manufacturer of Porch Posts, Banisters, Spindles and Brackets, Cresting, Finals, Gable Orniments Post Caps, Sa[sh,] Turned Heads, and Base Blocks, Casing, Table Legs, Mouldi[ngs,] Turning and Scroll Sawing Aspecialty, Frames, Mantle Peaces, [Coun]ters and Bars made to Order and General Job work done.

Wm. C. FAULKNER.

SUNSET ROUTE.

Southern Pacific Railway.

Stations	East Bound	West Bound
El Paso	1:30 a m	2:35 p m
Deming	11:00 a m	5:30
Lordsburg	9:2[illegible]	7:3[illegible] a m
Wilcox	6:30 p m	4:5[illegible]
Benson	4:25 a m	1:[illegible]9
TUCSON	Lv 2:25 / Ar 2:1[illegible]	Ar 1:25 / Lv 1:40
Casa Grand	11:55	4:03
Maricopa	11:12	4.4
Gila Bend	9:45	6:15
Yuma	5:30	10:40 a m
Los Angeles	2:30 p m	7:50 p m
San Francisco	Lv 3:30 p m	Ar 10:30 a m

M. & P. & S. R. V. R. R.

Phœnix Short Line.

a. m.	p. m.			a. m.	p. m.
10.00	6.00	A	Phœnix Lv	8.15	3.30
9.40	5.40		Tempe	8.35	4.00
9.10	5.00	Lv	Mesa Ar	9.00	4.30

No. 1.			No. 2.
7.30 p m	lv	Phœnix ar	7.30 a m
8.00 p m		Tempe	7.10 a m
8.15 p m		Peterson	7.00 a m
8.30 p m		Kyrene	6.45 a m
8.55 p m		Sacaton	6.20 a m
9.15 p m	ar	Maricopa lv	6.00 a m

SOUTHER PACIFIC

East bound			From East
10.08 p m	lv	Maricopa ar	5.37 a m
1.15 a m		Tucson	2.55 p m
9.30 a m		Deming	5.35 p m
12.30 p m		El Paso	2.35 p m
11.50 a m		San Antonio	8.40 p m
7.05 p m		Houston	8.20 a m
7.55 a m		New Orleans	
10.25 p m		Washington	10.0 a m
6.25 a m		New York	4.20 p m

TEXAS & PACIFIC

East bound			From East
3.10 p m		El Paso	10.15 a m
6.40 p m		Dallas	6.50 p m
7.15 p m		St. Louis	9.40 p m
7.35 a m	ar	Chicago lv	9.10 p m

SOUTHERN PACIFIC.

From West			Westbound
10.08 p m	ar	Maricopa lv	5:37 a m
5.00 p m		Yuma	11:20 a m
8.15 a m		Los Angeles	9:20 a m
5.20 p m		Fresno	11:10 a m
9.00 a m		San Francisco	6:45 a m
5.00 p m		Portland	9:30 a m
9.00 a m	lv	Seattle ar	6:05 p m

Train No. 1 connects with Southern Pacific train No. 19, eastbound, leaving Maricopa at 10:08 p. m.

Train No. 2 connects with Southern Pacific train No. 20, westbound, leaving Maricopa at 8:26 a. m.

Connections made at Phoenix with S. F.; P. & P. R. R. for Prescott and Congress.

Connections at Mesa with stage for Goldfield, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 12:30 p. m.; for Florence and Globe, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock a. m.

*Trains stop on signal.

Pullman Palace Sleeping cars on all trains between Phoenix and Maricopa.

N. K. MASTEN, President. B. F. PORTER, Gen'l Supt

M. O. BICKNELL, Gen'l Frt. and Pass. Ag't.

Builder's Supply HOUSE

All Kinds Of Lumber.

Geo. Jacobson, Prop

Safford - - - Arizona.

East 8:00 1:00

THE UNION PACIFIC IS THE Quickest and Finest Equipped Route From Denver to all Points East.

4 fast trains daily.

Pullman Palace Sleepers.
Dining Cars.
Chair Cars.
Buffet Smoking, library cars.

See your Local Agent or address GEO. ADY, Gen'l. Agent, Denver.

Clifton Stage Line.

Stage Meets All Trains

Leaves Clifton at 5 p. m., arriving at Morenci at 7 p. m.

Leaves Morenci at 5 a. m., arriving at Clifton at 6 a. m.

Telephone connected with Clifton Hotel.

SAM PRICE, Prop.

The Jones

Delivery and Job Wagon,

W. E. JONES, Prop.

Safford, Arizona.

Frank P. Teal,

Contractor and BUILDER

SAFFORD - ARIZ.

All work Guaranteed. Plans and Specifications furnished when desired.

THE NOVELTY SALOON.

SAFFORD, - - - ARIZONA

Porter & Robertson, props.

All Kinds of Liquors and Cigars.
The Famous Old Homestead
Whiskey Always in Stock.

McClintock & Cornett,

Proprietors of The

FAVORITE SALOON,

Safford - - - - Ariz.

The Very Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars, Also Mild Drinks.

Ice Cold Keg Beer Always on Tap.

ATCHINSON, OPEKA & SANTA FE RAILROAD

Is the Shortest and Quickest route to Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago and all points

North, East and West.

The accommodations of this popular road are unexcelled in the east or west. Should you desire to go North, East or West, write for circulars and information to any Santa Fe agent

F. B. HOUHTON, Gen. Agt., El Paso, Tex.

Atchinson Topeka & Santa Fe Ry.

The Wilton Hotel

One Block North of Depot.

Safford - - Arizona.

JUST COMPLETED.

Everything New.

Fifteen Fine Furnished Rooms. The Traveling Public will find this the Best Hotel in the City. Terms Reasonable, and the Best of Attention Given Patrons. Side Bar Attached.

EMIL SYDOW, Prop.

W. Moore Claydon,

MAKER.

Thatcher, - Arizona.

Boots and Shoes, from Ladies' Finest Slippers to the Heaviest Brogans, made to order on short notice.

Quality considered, my goods are put on the market as cheap as the imported article.

JACOBSON'S STORE

PHOENIX *Pure Paints in all colors for House, Buggy and Wagon use. All kinds of Varnish, Oils and Turpentine.*

Blacksmith's Coal, Iron, Steel, Nails, Locks, Tools. Buggy and Wagon Timber, Guns and Amunition.

Ladie's fine Skirts, Vests and Dress Goods and all kinds of General Merchandise and finest Groceries.

BEST STOCK OF SHOES

In the Market Call and See Them.

P. J. Jacobson,

Safford, Ariz.

Ijams & Freeman, Undertakers.

A Full Line of Burial Robes, and Metal Shipping Cases.

BANK of SAFFORD.

Safford, Arizona.

Does a general Banking business

Responsibility Over $100,000.

J. N. PORTER, - - President.
J. C. PURSLEY, - Vice-President.
P. P. GREER - - - Cashier.

All accommodations extended to customers consistent with conservate banking.

MILLINERY.

Mrs L. M. Gustafson

Pima, - - Ariz.

Headquarters

for Millinery.

A very select stock of Ladies, Misses and Childrens Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats. We have everything that is new and desirable in hat and dress trimmings. Ladies and Misses gloves, hosiery, neck-wear and under-wear, white kid slippers, bridal wreaths and veils; orders promptly filled for full bridal suits, which we make to order.

We have the finest stock of shirtwaists and summer skirts in the valley. Call and be convinced.

J. R. Welker & Co's. Etore

Is the place to buy your goods cheap.

3 papers of pins for 5c.
3 papers of needles for 5c.
7 inch rubber dressing comb 5c.
8 inch fine comb 5c.
Nickle plated curling iron for 5c.
Childrens hose supporter for 5c.
White collar buttons 5c. per doz.
Crochet and knitting silk, all colors, 5c, per spool
Fine hemstitched handkerchief 5c
Gents scarf pins 5c.
Infants trimmed bibs 5c.
Ladies belt supporters, 5c.
Nice embroidery and insertion from 5c. to 25c per yard. All-over lace, in all colors, from 35c. to $1.25 per yard.

Just received: A fine line of ladies and children's parasols, and ladies black brocaded silk shoulder capes.

Good Bargains.

Parties wishing to rent or sell land, should list it with us. We have inquiries nearly every day from strangers coming in for land. The larger list and greater variety of properties we have to offer the more sales can be made.

Buss & Birdno,
Safford, A. T.

20 or 40 acres, one mile west of Safford, The cheapest land near Safford. One share of water in the Montezuma with each 20 acres. Come quick and secure a bargain. Buss & Birdno.

For bargains in Safford lots call on Buss & Birdno.

A well improved block in the business center of Safford for sale. A good investment. Inquire of Buss & Birdno.

Town lots well located from $50 up on easy payments. Buss & Birdno.

Small improved place, north side Thatcher, 3 acres land, small orchard, 2 room house, well, 1 share Union water by

44 acres of land, 8 room brick house and brick cellar, well, grainery, 35 acres in grain and alfalfa Plenty of water in good ditches 3 miles from Pima, 1-4 mile from school.

25 acres, 1 1-4 mile west of Safford, 13 1-2 acres alfalfa, all but 4 acres seeded, small lumber house. 60 fruit trees. Buss & Birdno.

Lot fifty by one hundred and fifty and fine residence in the heart of Safford by

520 Acre farm for sale, 400 acres river bottom. All under fence, nearly all bottom land cleared Water in three canals The finest stock ranch in the Gila Valley

16 lots with good water right in Montezuma canal, good well and pump, young orchard, seven room cottage, finished in the latest style, with insurance on the same paid up for two years. Good outhouses. This property is located in Safford and is for sale cheap and on easy tearms.

About 40 acres of land for sale near San Jose. All under cultivation, fenced, adobe house.

A first class saw mill with a capacity of ten thousand feet per day can be purchased of Buss & Birdno. A bargain for a active man.

42 acres above San Jose, all fenced and under cultivation. Abobe dwelling, 3 shares San Jose water. A choice buy.

New five room house, 2 3-4 acres land with good fence, 1 1 2 acre in alfalfa, young orchard, good stable and other improvements, for sale in Safford.

A good four room house, 3-4 acres land well fenced, good well and young orchard for sale in Safford.

Buss & Birdno.

J. F. Powers,

Contractor and Builder.

Cabinet, Interior Finish and Buggy Work my Specialities.

Safford - Ariz.

THE WHITE TURKEY

Most Popular Saloon in Safford.

DEAL & CO. PROPS.

Carry a Complete Line of the Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

A QUIET AND ORDERLY HOUSE.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

OF THE

Montezuma Copper Co.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS.

That we, the undersigned, George T. Holliday, Robert McConnell, Trustee, and LeRoy Baker, have this day associated ourselves together for the purpose of forming a corporation, under the laws of the Territory of Arizona And we do hereby certify:

—1—

That the name of the corporation shall be the "MONTEZUMA COPPER COMPANY," and its principal place of transacting business shall be Pima, Arizona, and St. Louis, Missouri.

—2—

That the general nature of the business to be transacted is as follows: "Mining, Milling and Smelting."

—3—

That the amount of the capital stock authorized is TWO MILLION DOLLARS, and the number of shares into which it is divided is Two Hundred Thousand, of the par value of Ten Dollars ($10.00) each, which amount is to be paid in at the times and upon the conditions following, namely: At once by the transfer of certain claims known as Montezuma, Gray Stallion, Nellie Gray, American Fleet, White Squadron, Free Gold No. 1 and No. 2, and Great Northern, all situated in Tripp Underwood Canyon, Graham County, Arizona.

—4—

That the time of the commencement of the corporation is the 7th day of April, 1900, and the time of its termination the 7th day of April, 1925.

—5—

That the officers of said corporation to conduct its affairs shall consist of a Board of Directors, consisting of three. George T Holliday, Salt Lake, Utah, Robert McConnel, St. Louis, Missouri, and LeRoy Baker, St. Louis, Missouri, who are to be elected on the 7th day of April of each year.

—6—

That the highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which the corporation is at any time to subject itself is One Million Dollars, ($1,000,000.00.)

—7—

That the private property of each officer and stockholder of said corporation is to be exempt from all corporate debts.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals, this 7th, day of April, A D., 1900.

[SEAL] GEORGE T. HOLLIDAY,
[SEAL] ROBT. McCONNEL,
[SEAL] ROBT. McCONNEL, Trustee,
[SEAL] LeROY BAKER,
By JOHN M. DICKSON, Atty. in fact.

Signed and sealed in the presence of
(Signed) JOHN B. DENVER, Jr

State of Missouri, } ss
City of St. Louis, }

Before me, W. T. Jones, a Notary Public in and for the City of St. Louis, and the State of Missouri, on this day personally appeared George T. Holliday, Robert McConnel, trustee, known to me to be the persons whose names are subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged to me that they executed the same for the purposes and considerations therein expressed.

Given under my hand and seal of office this 7th day of April, 1900.

(SEAL) W. T. JONES, Notary Public

My term expires July 1st, 1903.

State of Missouri, } ss
City of St. Louis, }

Before me, W. T. Jones, a Notary Public in and for the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, on this day personally appeared John M Dickson, to me known to be the person who executed the foregoing instrument in behalf of LeRoy Baker for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

Given under my hand and seal of office this 7th day of April, 1900.

(SEAL) W. T. JONES, Notary Public.

My commission expires July 19th, 1903.

Territory of Arizona, } ss.
County of Graham. }

Office of County Recorder.

I, Pedro Michelena, County Recorder of the County of Graham, in the Territory of Arizona, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true, complete and correct copy of the articles of incorporation of the Montezuma Copper Company, as the same appear on file and record in my office under date of April 11th, 1900, at 9 o'clock a. m.

Given under my hand and seal of office this the 17th day of April, A. D, 1900.

(SEAL) PEDRO MICHELENA, County Recorder, Graham County, Arizona.

BANKRUPT'S PETITION FOR DISCHARGE IN KANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of Charles E. Rose, bankrupt.

To the Honorable Fletcher M. Doan, Judge of the District Court of the United States, for the second district of Arizona.

Charles E. Rose, of Fort Thomas, in the county of Graham and Territory of Arisona, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 3rd day of March, 1900, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge. Dated this 27th day of June, A. D., 1900.

CHARLES E. ROSE, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

United States District Court } ss
Second District of Arizona }

On this 3rd day of July, A. D., 1900, on reading the foregoing petition it is ordered by the court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 20th day of July, A. D., 1900, before said court at Florence in said district at 9 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Guardian, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prair of the said petitioner should not be granted And it is further ordered by the court that the clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their place of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Fletcher M Doan, Judge of the said court, and the seal thereof at Florence, in said district on the 3rd day of July, 1900.

(SEAL) DANIEL C. STEPHENS, Clerk.

First publication July 27, 1900

Notice for Publication.

Homestead Application No. 2008.

LAND OFFICE AT TUCSON ARIZ July 20, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Probate Court at Solomonville Arizona, on Wednesday, September 12th, 1900, viz:

Abraham Bowman, of Thatcher, Arizona, for the E ½ N W ¼ and E ½ S W ¼, Sec 14 Tp. 7 S, R 29 E, G and S R B and M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Isaac F. Robinson, Jr., of Safford, Arizona, Joseph Robinson, Hans N. Chlarson and Larson Chlarson, of Thatcher Arizona.

MILTON R. MOORE Register.

Articles of Incorporation

of the

ROCKWELL COPPER MINING CO.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:—

That we, L. A. Rockwell, James F. May, Thomas Dobbs and John Belser do hereby associate ourselves together, as a corporation, in accordance with the laws of the Territory of Arizona, and adopt the following articles of incorporation.

ARTICLE 1.

The name of this corporation shall be the "Rockwell Copper Mining Company," and its principal place of transacting business shall be at Chicago, Cook Co., Illinois, and at such other places as the directors of this corporation may at any time elect.;

ARTICLE 2.

The nature of the business to be transacted is to purchase, acquire, lease, own, control, mine, operate, sell, transfer, or dispose of mines, mining property, ores, metals, and all kinds of mine products, mining rights, and all things pertaining thereto; also to purchase, own, lease control, sell, acquire, transfer and dispose of water rights, canals, ditches and reservoirs and reservoir sites; to manufacture, purchase, lease or acquire, own or control or operate reduction works, smelters, leaching plants and all other machinery and appliances necessary thereto, electric light and power plants, and all patents and patent rights and copy rights pertaining thereto; to refine or treat ores of all kinds; to purchase, acquire, lease, own, control, improve manage, subdivide or dispose of lands, tenements and franchises and all kinds of property, real, personal or mixed; to manufacture, buy or sell all kinds of merchandise, and to do and perform all things necessary to carry out the purposes of this company to the best advantage of its owners; to acquire rights of way for railroads, build acquire, own and operate same as may be necessary for the interests of said corporation. To issue stock and bonds of this company and sell and dispose of same, and to buy, own, sell and convey stocks, bonds and franchises of other companies.

ARTICLE 3.

The amount of capital stock shall be the sum of $1,000,000 divided into one hundred thousand shares of the par value of $10.00 per share, which capital stock shall be paid in on issuing of said stock to the purchasers thereof.

ARTICLE 4.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the date of the filing of these articles of incorporation in the office of the Secretary of the Territory of Arizona, and the term thereof shall be for twenty-five years thereafter.

ARTICLE 5.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability either direct or coninguent, to which this corporation shall at any time subject itself shall be a sum equal to two thirds of its capital stock, and the private property of the stock holders of this corporation shall be exempt from liability for its corporate debts.

ARTICLE 6.

The affairs of this corporation shall be conducted by a board of five directors to be elected by the stockholders of the corporation at the annual meeting, which shall be held at such place as may be appointed by the board of directors, on the 3rd Tuesday of December of each and every year, and until the first annual meeting of the stockholders the affairs of this corporation shall be conducted by L. A. Rockwell, James F. May, Thomas Dobbs and Jno. Belser, who shall hold office until their successers are elected and duly qualified. Vacancies in the board of directors shall be filled by a majority of the other directors in office.

ARTICLE 7.

The officers of this corporation shall be a president, vice-president, treasurer and secretary and general manager and such other officers as may be provided for by the board of directors and may be elected at the first meeting of the board of directors.

ARTICLE 8.

The directors of this corporation shall have power to pass by-laws and make amendments thereto, and this corporation shall have power and authority to increase and diminish its capital stock or to increase or diminish the number of its board of directors by a majority vote of the stockholders represented at any regular or special meeting held for that purpose, and the filing of such proceedings in accordance with the laws of the Territory of Arizona.

In Witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 10th day of April, A.D. 1900

[SEAL] L. A. ROCKWELL
[SEAL] JAMES F. MAY,
[SEAL] THOMAS DOBBS,
[SEAL] JOHN BELSER.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
COUNTY OF COOK. }

Be it remembered that on this 10th day of April A. D., 1900, before me, a Notary Public, within and for the County and State aforesaid, personally came L. A. Rockwell, James F. May and Thomas Dobbs, to me personally known and subscribed their names to the foregoing articles of incorporation of the Rockwell Copper Mining Company.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of my office in Chicago, the day and year above written.

(SEAL) BEN] W. HESS, Notary Public

TERRITORY OF ARIZONA. } ss
COUNTY OF GRAHAM. }

Be it remembered that on this the 17th day of April, A. D. 1900 before me a Notary Public, within and for the county and Territory aforesaid personally came John Belser, to me personally known and subscribed his name to the foregoing articles of incorporation of the ROCKWELL COPPER MINING CO.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of my office in Safford, the day and year above written.

(SEAL) R. S. PATTERSON, Notary Public.

My com expires March 27, 1901.

High Standards.

The bard would never have uttered: "Music hath charms" etc. had he heard the rasping sounds emanating from the "Thump boxes" and "Hysteria generating" rackets, that are being palmed off on the uninitiated as first class pianos. They are gotten up with pretty engraved exterior cases to catch the unwary, but they will not stand this climate over three summers. You will make no mistake in selecting the famous "Behr Bros." "Kranich & Bach" "Chickering" or "Mason & Hamlin" pianos, all high standards and sold at $850 and up, by

A. REDEWILL & SONS.
PHŒNIX MUSIC STORE.

Dr. W. E. Lindley, rear of post-office. tf

PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

"Sure, Pat, and why are ye wearin' yer coat buttoned up loike that on a warm day loike this?" "Faith, yer riverence, to hoide the shirt Oi haven't got on."—Punch.

Mrs. Gallagher—"An' phwat'll Oi do at all, Moike? This machine only goes up to 15 shtone, an' Oi'm 16 shtone if Oi'm an ounce." Gallagher—"Get on twoice, Bridget, an' add up th' totals."—Glasgow Evening Times.

A Falling Out.—"And why did you leave your last place?" "Cook an' me had a fallin' out, mem." "I don't see why you should leave for a little thing like that." "But we fell out o' th' third-story window, mem."—Cleveland Plain-Dealer.

"What will I get here for lunch?" asked the man at the restaurant counter. "There's the bill of fare," answered the man in the white coat, "you can order what you want. I'm not saying what you will get."—Indianapolis News.

"Can you tell me which mushrooms are poisonous and which are not?" asked the young woman. "I can," answered the young man who never admits he doesn't know. "How?" "By reading the papers next morning."—Washington Star.

Old Gentleman—"And have you any brothers or sisters, my little man?" Bobby—"Yes, sir. I got one sister an' one an' a half brothers." Old Gentleman—"What!" Bobby—"Yes, sir. Two half-sisters and three half-brothers."—Philadelphia Press.

"Have you reason to think the prisoner drinks?" inquired the prosecutor. "I never saw him drink," replied the witness with engaging frankness, "but I remember he once asked me why I built my fence squarely across the sidewalk, and then immediately afterwards tried to walk over a two-story billboard."—Philadelphia Press.

TATTOOED WITH PORTRAITS.

Many Soldiers Have Portraits of Their Sweethearts Pricked Into Their Backs.

The American soldiers leaving San Francisco for the Philippines are responsible for an entirely new lover's idea, says an exchange of that city. They have the portraits of their sweethearts skillfully tattooed upon their backs. "Prof." Jake Londella is the man who makes a living by tattooing the faces of infatuated folks upon each other's backs. Londella's business brings him in contact with men, women and children. Women are his best customers. Says he, regarding his peculiar mission:

"During the war I tattooed many a soldier's photo upon his sweetheart's arm, and the soldier often had her picture or name written by herself reproduced upon his breast. Many British soldiers have had the portraits of their wives or sweethearts tattooed on the back before going to South Africa. It is a fad with the officers especially. I know one who has the portraits of two girls tattooed upon his breast with their names beneath them.

"You would be surprised to know how many women bare their necks and arms for the needles. It is becoming a fad here just as it did in London years ago.

"Yes, a woman is usually scared when she sees the instrument and ink, but she gives me less trouble than a man when she discovers that tattooing does not hurt much after all. Last week I spent a half day working on the arm of a bride-to-be. Years ago she had a man's name placed there. I had to obliterate it by filling in with a flower design. She said it would never do for the groom to know about the other man.

"Here is a list of the designs I tattooed upon the limbs not long ago of Mrs. Frank Caldwell, the actress: Snake, horses, peacock, butterflies, flowers, anchor, parrots, cockatoo, checkered stockings, necklace, eagles, stars, flag, hearts, shields, leaves and fan."

Underwear and blankets at cost at Layton, Allred & Co's, 46tf

SAFFORD LUMBER CO.

Carry a Full Line of Builders Material, Native and Foreign. Lime, Plaster and Cement.
Hardwood and Wagon Timber.
Agents for the Well Known **Hammar Paint.**
Agents for P. & B. Roofing and Paint, Building Paper
EUGENE CARUTHERS, Manager.

The Guardian.

CIRCULATION OVER 800, AND INCREASING.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1900.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

Adlai E. Stevenson,

COUNTY TICKET.

For Council:
C. M. SHANNON, Clifton.

For Assembly:
E. T. IJAMS, Safford.
ANDREW KIMBALL, Thatcher

For Supervisors:
IRA HARPER, Clifton.
A. W. CHILDRES, Grant.

For Sheriff:
JAS. V. PARKS, Duncan.

For District Attorney:
WILEY E. JONES, Safford.

For Recorder:
JAS. P. GILLESPIE, Clifton.

For Probate Judge:
Wm. A. MOODY, Thatcher.

For Treasurer:
GEO. B. GAMBLE, Safford.

For Assessor:
PHIL C. MERRILL, Pima.

For Surveyor:
E. R. STAFFORD, Safford.

SAFFORD PRECINCT OFFICERS.

For Justices:
W. B. FONDA,
J. C. ROBINSON,

For Constables:
J. T. PIERCE,
R. A. SMITH, Jr.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

For Supervisor.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Supervisor at the coming election.
HENRY HILL.

THE business transacted in Safford this fall and winter will be greater than ever before.

FROM the tone of our exchanges it looks as though the Territorial convention would be decidedly in favor of Mark Smith.

THERE was a larger number of delegates attended the Democratic convention held in Safford last week than at any previous convention held in the county.

WITH a good water system in Safford as Jack Farrill proposes to establish it can easily be extended to other near-by towns, which will greatly reduce the rate of insurance.

THE Republicans will hold their county convention to-day. They are very active, searching the party with a drag net, trying to find enough who are willing to be led to the sacrifice. It is quite probable that a full ticket will not be nominated.

Chancellor and La Preferencia cigars, pure Havana at Sparks' Cigar Store. tf

Dr. W. E. Lindley, rear of post-office. tf

ELIAS' CASH STORE
Solomonville, Ariz.
For Thanksgivins
Citron
Lemon Peel
Orange Peel
Cleaned Currants
Seeded Resins
All kinds of Evaporated Fruits. This year Packing Goods.
A. M. ELIAS
Solomonville, A. T.

THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

The action of the Democratic convention on Saturday last placed before the people of Graham Co. as strong a ticket as can be constructed and that the people are satisfied with that action will be demonstrated at the polls in November.

C. M. Shannon, the nominee for council, is just the man for the position. He served the people of this county in that capacity before and served them faithfully and well. He understands the needs of the county and, as heretofore, will be found on the side of the masses and working for the best interests of the whole people. No member of the council from any part of the territory will command more respect than C. M. Shannon.

In selecting E. T. Ijams for a member of the lower house no mistake was made. Mr. Ijams has been a resident of Graham county for nearly 20 years. He has never asked for political honors but has always been a hard worker in the interest of good government, has always been and always will be found laboring for the advancement of his county and its people. He commands the respect of every one through his honesty of purpose and upright course, and as he is thoroughly conversant with the needs of the county in the way of legislation, the convention's choice was a wise on.

Andrew Kimball, who was selected for the other member of the house, has only lived here about three years but in that time he has studied the situation and thoroughly famaliarized himself with the political and industrial situation here, thereby making himself a thorough and competent legislator to represent the people of this county. Mr. Kimball has been a member of the legislature of Utah and was also a member of the State Constitutional Convention, so that in legislative affairs he is an experienced man.

With these three gentlemen representing us in the legislature the people can rest assured that none of their interests will be overlooked or neglected.

Ira Harper, for supervisor, represents the east end of the county. He is a heavy tax payer and is a thoroughly competent business man. He is interested in the growth and welfare of the county and will fill the office to the best interests of the people.

A. W. Childress, the other nominee for supervisor, represents the west end of the county. He is a man in whom all who know him repose the utmost confidence. He is a stock man and a large property owner and thoroughly familiar with the needs of the county. He is the right man for the place.

With the election of Massrs. Harper and Childres the board will be composed of men representing the three great industries of the county, mining, stock raising and farming and all industries will receive equal protection at the hands of the board. The interests of the people will be safe in the hands of these gentlemen.

In nominating James V. Parks for Sheriff the contest between the three candidates was a spirited one but the unsuccessful ones, with their friends backing them, will give him a solid support. Mr. Parks is thoroughly competent to administer the difficult duties of the Sheriff's office and when elected the people will not be disappointed in him. He has had a vast experience as a peace officer in the east end of this county and as the people up there are supporting him almost unanimously it is a recommendation that all will be safe in accepting. He has lived in the county from boyhood and knows every foot of ground in the entire county and surrounding territory, which knowledge will give him a great advantage in dealing with criminals. The people of the county approve the selection of Mr. Parks.

WHEN Wiley E. Jones was nominated for District Attorney the logical candidate was selected. The record Mr. Jones has made in the District Attorney's office entitles him to the solid support of the people of the county. He has been the best district attorney Graham county ever had. He is popular with the people because he looks after their interests.

The nomination of Jas. P. Gillespie for recorder meets with the approval of the people. He is thoroughly competent to discharge the many duties of the office; he is well known, popular and obliging and will make a recorder that all the people will be proud of. He has been a resident of the county from childhood, is a successful business man, in fact just such a man as should fill the recorder's office.

He will discharge the duties of the office to the entire satisfaction of all concerned.

The record of Wm. A. Moody for the last three years as Probate Judge and County School Superintendent is a sufficient recommendation for him to ask the people to re-elect him on. He has proven himself to be competent by his wise administration of school affairs and by the standing of the school system of the county at the present time. As a Probate Judge he is competent and satisfactory to the people.

The nominee for treasurer is a man above reproach. His best recommendation is the entire confidence which the people place in him. He is a good citizen, honest and competent to fill this very responsible position. No better choice could have been made by searching the county over than George B. Gamble. His name is a familiar one to every person in the county and he is always spoken of as one of our very best and most responsible citizens.

Phil C. Merrill, the nominee for assessor, cannot be excelled in qualification for the fulfillment of the duties of this position. He has acted in the capacity of deputy for a number of years and last year received the appointment of assessor at the hands of the board of supervisors and in discharging his duties gave universal satisfaction unless it might be with those trying to avoid paying their just tax. In Mr. Merrill the county will have an assessor who will do his whole duty regardless of friends or foes.

E. R. Stafford, the nominee for surveyor, is one of the best in his profession in the territory and will receive the support of all the people regardless of politics.

Taking the ticket as a whole, it cannot be made stonger. It will not only poll the entire strength of the Democratic party but will also receive a heavy Republican support. Every man on the ticket will be elected by a handsome majority.

AN El Paso company is figuring on establishing an electric light system in Safford. This town is now large enough to support electric lights and we are in very much in hopes that one will be established. It may not pay from the "grass roots" but that there is money in such an enterprise when once firmly established is beyond dispute.

BEN CLARK is a true loyal Democrat and moved in the convention to make the nomination of Mr. Parks unanimous. Mr. Clark is now urging his friends throughout the county to rally to the support of Mr. Parks and the entire Democratic ticket. This commendable action will strengthen Ben among the Democratic masses and aid him in the future.

THE Democratic ticket placed in the field by the convention last week is an exceedingly strong one. Every man on it is a tax payer and deeply interested in the county. The ticket will not only poll the entire strength of the Democratic ticket but will receive a large Republican support as well.

Phyglomanizophy.

A new and dangerous disease, caused by a general breaking down of the system. Physicians say that all who do not drink milk shakes made by Sparks will surely have it. Try one. tf

The regular quarterly conference of the St. Joseph Stake of Zion will convene in the Assembly Hall at Pima, Saturday and Sunday, September 22nd and 23rd. The public are cordially invited to attend.
ANDREW KIMBALL,
W. D. JOHNSON,
C. M. LAYTON.

A Masonic lodge has been organized in Safford with a membership of about 28. J. C. Flemming has been at work this week fitting the upper story of the Safford Drug Store for the lodge to occupy.

All kinds of harness and saddle repairing done on short notice and at reasonable prices at H. W. Clarkson's harness shop, Safford. 9-tf

Underwear and blankets at cost at Layton, Allred & Co's, 46tf

Dr. W. E. Linldey, rear of post-office. tf

Todd & Dunlap,
Headquarters for
Furniture
Of All Kinds;
Also Carpets, Oilcloth, Wall Paper, etc.
We buy in Car lots and Our Prices are Right.

WAKEFIELD'S DRUG STORE.
School Supplies.
Drugs, Medicines, Stationary, Toilet Articles and Notions. Wines Liquors and Cigars.
Near the Corner Opposite the Bank of Safford.
SAFFORD - - - - ARIZONA

TRUE DEMOCRACY VS. TOREY-FEDERAL IMPERIALISM.

The Horrors of Imperialism.

BY A. BUCK.

The horrors of imperialism darken the pages of past history as well as that of the present. In persuing imperial policies the same methods are being used as in past ages. Whenever an imperial ruler wished to extend his dominion over other lands the people who innabited them, unless they surrendered without a blow, were denounced as barbarians and incapable of self government. Shortly after the discovery of America, imperial Spain invaded this continent. They found in certain parts of Mexico, and in South America, highly civilized people. But with sword in hand they murdered the best of the people and plundered, ravished and robbed the countries through which they passed. Instead of bringing civilization, they destroyed it wherever they found it, and instituted barbarism in its stead.

The cause of the downfall of the republic of Rome was the dream of empire on the part of ambitious generals and their lackies. Julius Czar committed the first overt act when he crossed the Rubicon. The empire followed the defeat of Pompai and it is known to every man and woman who has read the history of Rome under the Empire, that it was rotten to the core from first to last, as is the case with all imperial governments. The forces that overran the Roman Empire were as well civilized in some respects as the Romans were and had been known to the Romas for centuries, and the onslaught made by those whom the Romans denominated barbarians, were retalliations for innumberable raids made by the imperial Romans upon their settlements fo the purpose of robbery and plunder. Rome was not overwhelmed, however, until she became effeminate. Her reaching out to conquer and robb the world had run the empire hopelessly in debt after having taxed the substance out of all the people. They had adopted the gold standard, and this, together with class legislation and high taxes, resulted in the people becoming slaves. The masses were no longer proud of Roman citizens, but were surfs. The courts had become so corrupt that they openly sold their decisions to the highest bidder. Men were sold into slavery for debt and their families became the prey of the soldiery. At the time the Roman empire was overun, imperialism had crushed out every spark of the courage and patriotism of the people and they cared but little what became of the empire. Whole provisions became the wealth of ane man. The people gave up in dispair and laid down beneath their burdens to rise no more. And, as historian says, "all public spirit, all generous emotions, all noble aspirations of men shriveled and disappeared."

And it is absolutely astonishing that the New York Sun should state that:

"Every school boy knows that wherever the eagles of imperial Rome lighted they brought with them law, order and civilization, just as the imperialism of the United States, it is to be hoped, will be permitted to engage in the same benificient work."

And, a little further along in the same article the Sun says:

"Imperialism is natural to the American people."

"In 1897, the writer overheard a Chicago banker make the statement that: "We need an emperor here." But we never expected to see an article containing the statements we have quoted, published in the New York Sun and republished, as a sweet morsel, in the Chicago Tribune.

What citizen, until very recently, ever dreamed that imperialism is natural to the American people? Does it not sound like a voice from some medieval tomb? And we, too, are to spread such civilization, law and order as that which accompanied the gilded eagles of Rome, while all those who do not consent to adopt as settled policies with us the doctrines of Alexander. Ceazar and Nepolean are to be denounced as traitors. Great heavens tell us whether we are drifting. Are we not lost and that the only way we may find the path of safety is to call upon Satan to direct our course hereafter? What man who reads history with the book right side up does not know that the Romans, as a general rule, robbed and plundered the countries they conquered, murdered the best of the people and sold the prisoners they captured from the auction block with the exception of those placed in arenas to be devoured by wild beasts? This sort of civilization carried abroad by the Romans was such as Spain brought to the American continent and consisted of rapine and robbery so long as Spanish rule was permitted to exist; and still, it is hoped that an imperial America will be pesmitted to engage in the same "benificient" work.

In fact the life of Spainas well as that of the Roman and British empires, is written in inocent blood and is black with crime. Turn to the history of Cortez's conquest of Mexico from 1518 to 1521 and read of the hundreds of thousands of inoffensive men, women and children who were inhumanly slain and witness the appalling and sickning spector; and to Pizarro's expedition to Perue where thousands of inocent lives were sacrificed and the Inca foully murdered after having paid four million ducets as the price of peace for his country. Then turn to the horrible deeds committed by the Duke of Alva in the Netherlands the infamy of whose crimes no pen has been able to properly depict. His deeds were absolutely appalling. This savage monster established what is known as the Blood Council and destroyed all judicial tribunals, and before himself and his Blood Council the innocent peasantry were brought, and without a trial and without evidence they were indiscriminately sent to the stake or to the rope. All that was but a vivid parallel to the savagery and murder during the career of Wyler in Cuba. He the greatest monster in ancient or modern times, went to Cuba with the deliberate and premeditated purpose of depopulating the island by every sanage process known to the arts of Imperialism. The midnight darkness was made lurid by the torch applied to the habitations of a peaceful and innocent peasantay who were shot in the light of consuming flames, not even old men, wemen and children being spared. All this was done by an idle and reckless soldiery whose pastime was pillage. There was universal destruction, devastation, mourning and ashes. Finally the arch ffend, considering that death was not speedy enough to answer his purpose, ordered that all the pacificos, who were non-combatants, should be concentrated in certain places, huddled together like hogs in pens, not permitted to be furnished with food nor permitted to seek food for themselves; and, as a result over 400,000 perished by starvation and exposure. Cartez, Pizzaro, the Duke of Alva and Wyler are the Spanish butchers of modern times, but Wyler will stand forth in all ages to come as the most cruel and inhuman. The inhuman course persued by the Spanish in Mexico and South America as well as in Cuba, only 90 miles from our shores, was but a reflection of Roman outrages during the empire.

Buy your winter dress hat now as this is your best opportunity.
JULIA HAMM,
Wilton Hotel. 1t

Judge S. E. Hazzard, A. C. Clark and Mr. Pennel arrived in Safford on Monday last and are stopping at the Jones hotel. Messrs. Hazzard and Clark are the present owners of the Blue Jay mine. They shipped in a car load of mining material and are going to commence active development work. Mr. Pennel who is an experienced copper miner will have charge of the work.

Legal blanks, correct form, of all descriptions kept constantly on hand at H. L. Castle's Bicycle Store. tf

Mr. Clarkson has a thoroughly equipped harness and saddle shop. Call on him. 9 tf.

CASH
Paid for Wheat.
Our Flour is the Best.
A Complet Stock of Merchandise always on Hand.
Layton, Allred & Co.
Thatcher, - - - Arizona.

Remember We make a Specialty of
FIRST CLASS GOODS
And we don't buy anything else. Such as
Ladies Waists and Skirts
And all kinds of UNDERWEAR.
The Crown Brand SHIRTS for men. We have a Full Line of DESNAZER'S SHOES, the Best in the Valley.
A Full Line of Shop Made BOOTS for COWBOYS,
Also a Full Line of
Dry Goods and Groceries.
See Our Goods and Learn Our Prices Before Buying
No Trouble to Show Goods.
JETER & REYNOLDS,

I have purchased the mercantile establishment of Wm. Telfer and have combined it with my lumber business so that I can furnish all kinds of merchandise and everything for building houses at the lowest rate Call and investigate. You are sure to be pleased.
GEORGE ACOBSON,
Safford, - - - Arizona.

CARLOS SOTO,
DEALER IN
Groceries, Provisions and Vegetables,
Candy, Nuts and Fruit.
Stock Always FRESH
L. STREET.
SAFFORD, - - - - ARIZONA.

JONES HOTEL
One Block North of Depot,
MRS. A. V. JONES, Proprietress,
Safford, Arizona.
Fine, Large, well Ventelated rooms. Everything new and first-class. Special accommodations for Trancients. Convenient sample room for Commercial Men.
DINING ROOM.
AUGUST NEWMAN, Manager.
This Dining Room is the Best in the Territory. The Table service first-class in every respect.
Sunday Dinners
Will be made a special feature.
Patronage of the public solicited.

Mrs. May Cordially invetes the Ladies and Children to Inspect her Dainty and Elegant line of Hats and Toques.
I will sell Tasty Goods and Styles at Low Prices.
Ladies Bryan and McKinley Campaign Hats.
MRS. MAY,
Safford, Ariz,

Every up-to-date woman is now wearing a felt street hat.
JULIA HAMM,
Wilton Hotel. 1t

Felt carpet lining at Todd & Dunlap's. 2t

School Books at Wakefield's drug store. 1t